INGERSOLL-RAND®

OPERATING, MAINTENANCE, PARTS MANUAL

COMPRESSOR MODELS

XHP650WCAT XHP825WCAT
XHP750WCAT XHP900WCAT

Code:

This manual contains important safety information.
Do not destroy this manual.
This manual must be available to the personnel who operate and maintain this machine.

Doosan purchased Bobcat Company from Ingersoll-Rand Company in 2007. Any reference to Ingersoll-Rand Company or use of trademarks, service marks, logos, or other proprietary identifying marks belonging to Ingersoll-Rand Company in this manual is historical or nominative in nature, and is not meant to suggest a current affiliation between Ingersoll-Rand Company and Doosan Company or the products of either.

INGERSOLL-RAND®
AIR COMPRESSORS
Portable Air Compressor Division
P.O. Box 868 – 501 Sanford Ave
Mocksville, N.C. 27028

Book P/N 35389840 (8/6/99)
Revised (09-12)

QUALITY POLICY

We will supply products and services that consistently meet the requirements of our customers and each other.

CALIFORNIA

Proposition 65 Warning

Diesel engine exhaust and some of its constituents are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm.

Foreword

Machine models represented in this manual may be used in various locations worldwide. Machines sold and shipped into European common market countries requires that the machine display the EC Mark and conform to various directives. In such cases, the design specification of this machine has been certified as complying with EC directives. Any modification to any part is absolutely prohibited and would result in the CE certification and marking being rendered invalid. A declaration of that conformity follows:

Declaration of Conformity

WITH EC DIRECTIVE

98/37/EC

We

Ingersoll-Rand Company
Portable Compressor Division
P.O. Box 868
501 Sanford Avenue
Mocksville, North Carolina 27028

Represented In EC By:

Ingersoll-Rand Company Limited
Standard Products Division
Swan Lane
Hindley Green
Wigan WN2 4EZ
United Kingdom

Declare that, under our sole responsibility for manufacture and supply, the product(s)

HP1300WCU	VHP825WCU	XHP900WCAT	VHP750WCAT	XHP1070CAT
XP1400WCU	HP935WCU	XHP650WCAT	VHP850WCAT	NXP1300WCU
P1600WCU	XP1050WCU	XHP750WCAT	HP900WCAT	
XP900WCU	HP825WCU	XHP825WCAT	XP1000WCAT	

To which this declaration relates, is (are) in conformity with the provisions of the above directives using the following principal standards

EN1012-1, EN29001, EN202, EN60204-1
PN8NTC2, EN 50081, EN50082

Issued at Mocksville on 1-1-95

Ric Lunsford
Manager of Quality Control

Issued at Hindley Green on 1-1-95

H. Seddon, Q.A. Manager

Nothing contained in this document is intended to extend any promise, warranty or representation, expressed or implied, regarding the Ingersoll-Rand products described herein. Any such warranties or other terms and conditions of sale of products shall be in accordance with the standard terms and conditions of sale for such products, which are available upon request.
This manual contains instructions and technical data to cover all routine operation and scheduled maintenance tasks by operation and maintenance staff. Major overhauls are outside the scope of this manual and should be referred to an authorized Ingersoll-Rand service department.

All components, accessories, pipes and connectors added to the compressed air system should be:

- of good quality, procured from a reputable manufacturer and, wherever possible, be of a type approved by Ingersoll-Rand.
- clearly rated for a pressure at least equal to the machine maximum allowable working pressure.
- compatible with the compressor lubricant/coolant.
- accompanied with instructions for safe installation, operation and maintenance.

Details of approved equipment are available from Ingersoll-Rand Service departments.
The use of repair parts other than those included within the Ingersoll-Rand approved parts list may create hazardous conditions over which Ingersoll-Rand has no control. Therefore, Ingersoll-Rand cannot be held responsible for equipment in which non-approved repair parts are installed.

Ingersoll-Rand reserves the right to make changes and improvements to products without notice and without incurring any obligation to make such changes or add such improvements to products sold previously.

The intended uses of this machine are outlined below and examples of unapproved usage are also given. However, Ingersoll-Rand cannot anticipate every application or work situation that may arise. **If in doubt, consult supervision.**

This machine has been designed and supplied for above ground operation to be used for compression of normal ambient air containing no additional gases, vapors or particles within the ambient temperature range specified in the general data section of this manual.

This machine should not be used:

A. For direct or indirect human consumption of the compressed air.

B. Outside the ambient temperature range specified in the general data section of this manual.

C. When an actual or foreseeable risk of hazardous levels of flammable gases or vapors exists.

D. With other than Ingersoll-Rand approved components.

E. With guards, or controls or switches missing or disabled.

F. For storage or transportation of materials inside or on the enclosure.

This company accepts no responsibility for errors in translation of this manual from the original English version.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION 1- SAFETY

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

General Information

Ensure that the operator reads and understands the decals and consults the manuals before maintenance or operation.

Ensure that the Operation and Maintenance manual, and the manual holder if equipped, are not removed permanently from the machine.

Ensure that maintenance personnel are adequately trained, competent and have read the manuals.

Make sure that all protective covers are in place and that the canopy/doors are closed during operation.

The specification of this machine is such that the machine is not suitable for use in flammable gas risk areas. If such an application is required then all local regulations, codes of practice and site rules must be observed. To ensure that the machine can operate in a safe and reliable manner, additional equipment such as gas detection, exhaust spark arrestors, and intake (shut-off) valves may be required, dependent on local regulations or the degree of risk involved.

Air discharged from this machine may contain carbon monoxide or other contaminants which will cause serious injury or death. Do not breathe this air.

Compressed air can be dangerous if incorrectly handled. Before doing any work on the unit, ensure that all pressure is vented from the system and that the machine cannot be started accidentally.

Ensure that the machine is operating at the rated pressure and that the rated pressure is known to all relevant personnel.

All air pressure equipment installed in or connected to the machine must have safe working pressure ratings of at least the machine safety valve rating.

If more than one compressor is connected to one common downstream plant, effective check valves and isolation valves must be fitted and controlled by work procedures, so that one machine cannot accidentally be pressurized or over pressurized by another.

Compressed air must not be used for a feed to any form of breathing apparatus or mask.

The discharged air contains a very small percentage of compressor lubricating oil and care should be taken to ensure that downstream equipment is compatible.

If the discharged air is to be ultimately released into a confined space, adequate ventilation must be provided.

When using compressed air, always use appropriate personal protective equipment.

All pressure containing parts, especially flexible hoses and their couplings, must be regularly inspected, be free from defects and be replaced according to the Manual instructions.

Avoid bodily contact with compressed air.

The safety valve located in the separator tank must be checked periodically for correct operation.

Never operate unit without first observing all safety warnings and carefully reading the operation and maintenance manual shipped from the factory with this machine.

Never operate the engine of this machine inside a building without adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing exhaust fumes when working on or near the machine. Do not alter or modify this machine.

A battery contains sulfuric acid and can give off gases which are corrosive and potentially explosive. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. In case of contact, flush area immediately with water.

Exercise extreme caution when using booster battery. To jump battery, connect ends of one booster cable to the positive (+) terminal of each battery. Connect one end of other cable to the negative (-) terminal of the booster battery and other end to a ground connection away from dead battery (to avoid a spark occurring near any explosive gases that may be present). After starting unit, always disconnect cables in reverse order.

Never operate unit without first observing all safety warnings and carefully reading the operation and maintenance manual shipped from the factory with this machine.

This machine may include such materials as oil, diesel fuel, antifreeze, brake fluid, oil/air filters and batteries which may require proper disposal when performing maintenance and service tasks. Contact local authorities for proper disposal of these materials.

Air discharged from this machine may contain carbon monoxide or other contaminants which will cause serious injury or death. Do not breathe this air.

Never operate the engine of this machine inside a building without adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing exhaust fumes when working on or near the machine.

A battery contains sulfuric acid and can give off gases which are corrosive and potentially explosive. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. In case of contact, flush area immediately with water.

High Pressure Air can cause serious injury or death. Relieve pressure before removing filler plugs/caps, fittings or covers.

Air pressure can remain trapped in air supply line which can result in serious injury or death. Always carefully vent air supply line at tool or vent valve before performing any service.

This machine produces loud noise with the doors open or service valve vented. Extended exposure to loud noise can cause hearing loss. Always wear hearing protection when doors are open or service valve is vented.

Never inspect or service unit without first disconnecting battery cable(s) to prevent accidental starting.

Do not remove the pressure cap from a HOT radiator. Allow radiator to cool down before removing pressure cap.

Do not use petroleum products (solvents or fuels) under high pressure as this can penetrate the skin and result in serious illness. wear eye protection while cleaning unit with compressed air to prevent debris from injuring eye(s).

Disconnect air hoses whip and can cause serious injury or death. Always attach a safety flow restrictor to each hose at the source of supply or branch line in accordance with OSHA Regulation 29CFR Section 1926.302(b).

Hot pressurized fluid can cause serious burns. Do not open radiator while hot.

Rotating fan blade can cause serious injury. Do not operate without guard in place.

Use care to avoid contacting hot surfaces (engine exhaust manifold and piping, air receiver and air discharge piping, etc.).

Ether is an extremely volatile, highly flammable gas. USE SPARINGLY! If too much is injected, it may result in costly damage to the engine.

Never allow the unit to sit stopped with pressure in the receiver-separator system. As a precaution, open the manual blowdown valve.

Never operate unit with guards, covers or screens removed. Keep hands, hair, clothing, tools, blow gun tips, etc. well away from moving parts.

Make sure wheels, tires and tow bar connectors are in safe operating condition and tow bar is properly connected before towing.

Whenever the machine is stopped, air will flow back into the compressor system from devices or systems downstream of the machine unless the service valve is closed. Install a check valve at the machine service valve to prevent reverse flow in the event of an unexpected shutdown when the service valve is open.

Hazardous Substance Precaution

The following substances are used in the manufacture of this machine and may be hazardous to health if used incorrectly.

Precaution: Avoid ingestion, skin contact and breathing fumes for the following substances: Antifreeze, Compressor Oil, Engine Lubricating Oil, Preservative Grease, Rust Preventative, Diesel Fuel and Battery Electrolyte.

The following substances may be produced during the operation of this machine and may be hazardous to health:

Avoid build-up of Engine Exhaust Fumes in confined spaces.

Avoid breathing Exhaust Fumes.

Avoid breathing Brake Lining Dust during maintenance.

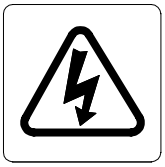
SAFETY LABELS

Look for these signs on machines shipped to international markets outside North America, which point out potential hazards to the safety of you and others. Read and understand thoroughly. Heed warnings and follow instructions. If you do not understand, inform you supervisor.

Corrosion risk

Hot Surface

Lifting point

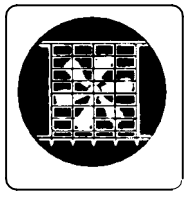


WARNING: Electrical shock risk.

Parking Brake

No open flame

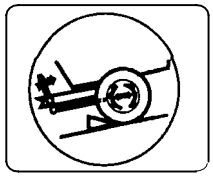
Diesel Fuel.
No open flame.



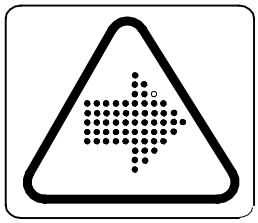
Do not operate the machine without guard being fitted.

Lifting point

WARNING - Flammable liquid.



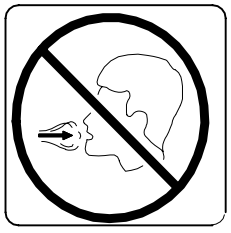
When parking use prop stand, handbrake and wheel chocks.



Air/gas flow or Air discharge.

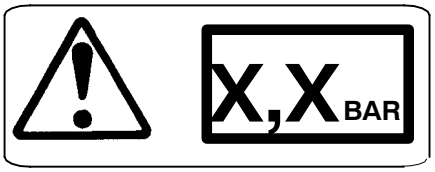
WARNING - Hot and harmful exhaust gas.

Tie down point

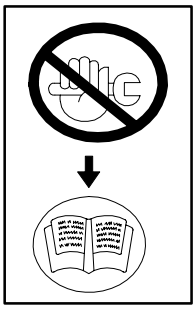


Do not breathe the compressed air from this machine.

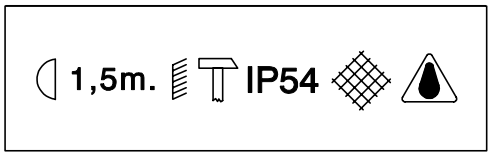
Read the Operation and Maintenance manual before operation or maintenance of this machine is undertaken.



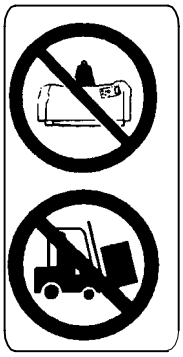
WARNING - Maintain correct tire pressure. (Refer to the *GENERAL INFORMATION* section of this manual).



WARNING: Consult the operation and maintenance manual before performing any maintenance.

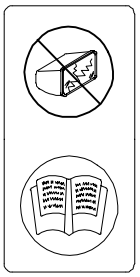


Rough Service Designation
Wet Location Operation

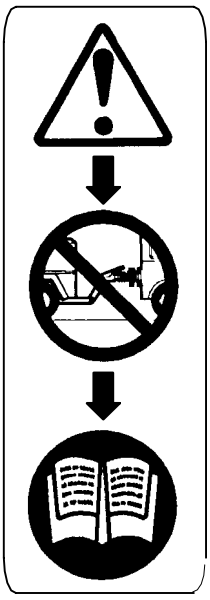


Do not stack

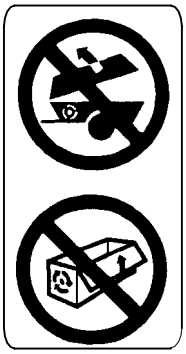
Do not use fork lift truck from this side



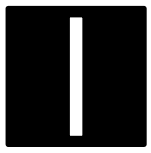
Replace any cracked protective shield.



WARNING - Before connecting the tow bar or when preparing to tow, consult the operation and maintenance manual.

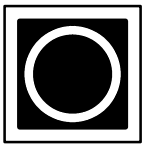


Do not operate with the doors or enclosure open.

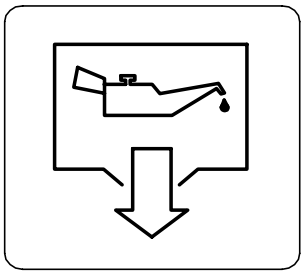


On (power).

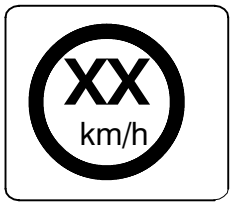
Off (power).



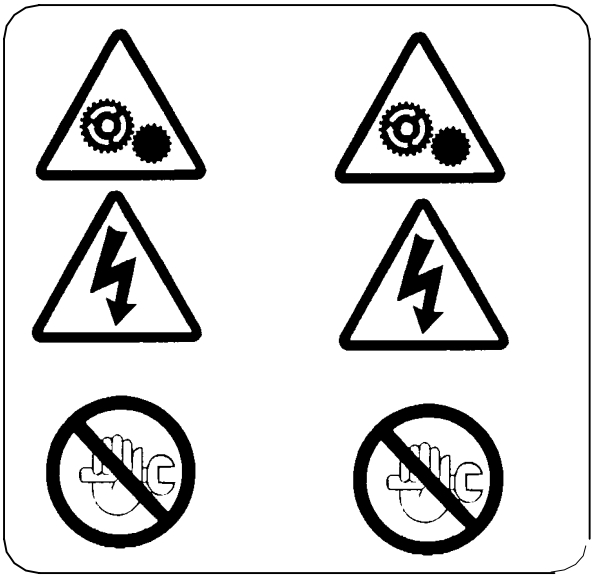
Emergency stop.



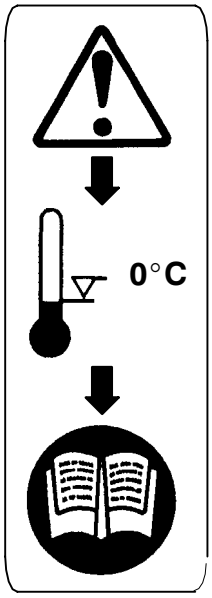
Oil Drain



Do not exceed the speed limit.



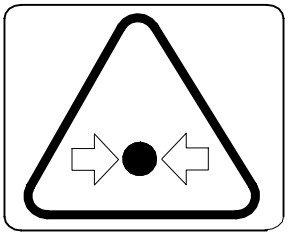
WARNING - Do not undertake any maintenance on this machine until the electrical supply is disconnected and the air pressure is totally relieved.



WARNING - For operating temperature below 0°C, consult the operation and maintenance manual.

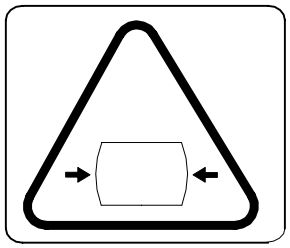
Read the Operation and Maintenance manual before operation or maintenance of this machine is undertaken

Do not remove the Operating and Maintenance manual and manual holder from this machine.



Pressurized vessel.

Use fork lift truck from this side only.



Pressurized component or system.

Look for these signs on machines shipped to markets in North America, which point out potential hazards to the safety of you and others. Read and understand thoroughly. Heed warnings and follow instructions. If you do not understand, inform you supervisor.

DANGER

(Red Background)

Indicates the presence of a hazard which WILL cause serious injury, death or property damage, if ignored.

WARNING

(Orange Background)

Indicates the presence of a hazard which CAN cause serious injury, death or property damage, if ignored.

CAUTION

(Yellow Background)

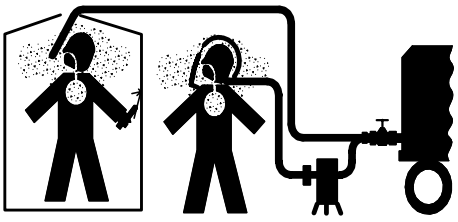
Indicates the presence of a hazard which WILL or can cause injury or property damage, if ignored.

NOTICE

(Blue Background)

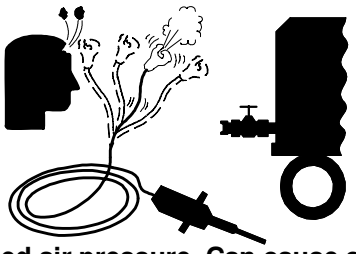
Indicates important set-up, operating or maintenance information.

DANGER



Air discharged from this machine can contain carbon monoxide or other contaminants which will cause serious injury or death. Do not breathe this air.

WARNING



Trapped air pressure. Can cause serious injury or death.

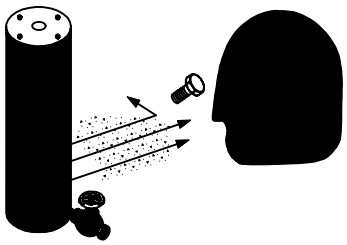
Close service valve and operate tool to vent trapped air before performing any service.

WARNING

Hot pressurized fluid.
Can cause serious burns.

Do not open radiator while hot.

WARNING



High pressure air. Can cause serious injury or death.

Relieve pressure before removing filler plugs/ caps, fittings or covers.

WARNING

Improper operation of this equipment. CAN cause serious injury or death.

Read Operator's Manual supplied with this machine before operation or servicing.

WARNING

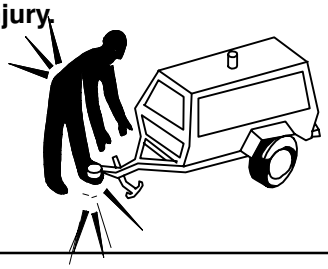
Modification or alteration of this machine. CAN cause serious injury or death.

Do NOT alter or modify this machine without the express written consent of the manufacturer.

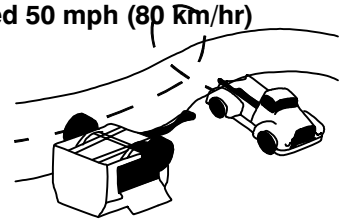
WARNING

Collapsing jack stand. Will cause serious injury.

Insert locking pin completely.

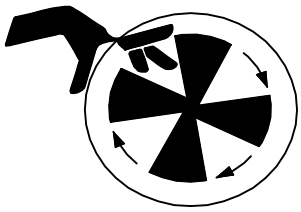


Excessive towing speed. Can cause serious injury or death. Do NOT exceed 50 mph (80 km/hr)



For Highway Towable Units

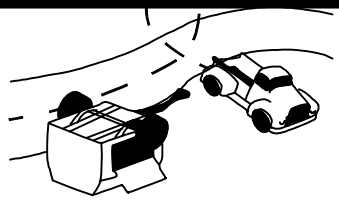
WARNING



Rotating Fan Blade. CAN cause serious injury.

Do NOT operate with guard removed.

WARNING

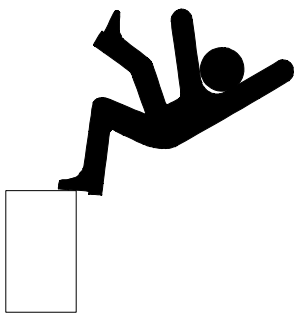


Excessive Towing Speed. CAN cause serious injury or death.

Do NOT Tow on Highway.
Do NOT exceed 20 mph (32 km/h)

For Non-Highway Towable Machines

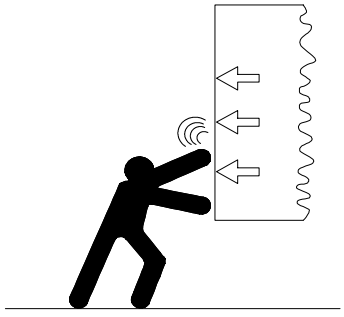
WARNING



Falling off machine. CAN cause serious injury or death.

Access Lifting Bail from inside machine.

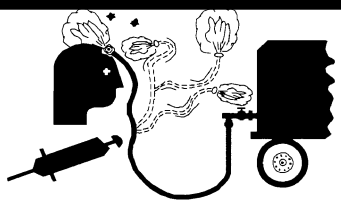
WARNING



Door under pressure CAN cause serious injury.

Use both hands to open door when machine is running.

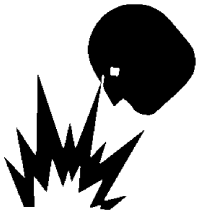
WARNING



Disconnected Air Hoses Whip. CAN cause serious injury or death.

When using air tools attach safety device (OSHA Valve) at source of air supply for each tool.

WARNING



Combustible Gas. CAN cause serious burns, blindness or death.

Keep sparks and open flames away from batteries.

FREE SAFETY DECALS!

To promote communication of Safety Warnings on products manufactured by the Portable Compressor Division in Mocksville, N.C., Safety Decals are available **free** of charge. Safety decals are identified by the decal heading: **DANGER, WARNING or CAUTION.**

Decal part numbers are on the bottom of each decal and are also listed in the compressor's parts manual. Submit orders for Safety Decals to the Mocksville Parts Service Department. The no charge order should contain only Safety Decals. Help promote product safety! Assure that decals are present on the machines. Replace decals that are not readable.

SECTION 2 – Warranty

Warranty for Construction and Drilling Equipment Sold By Distributors

Ingersoll–Rand, through its distributor, warrants that each item of equipment manufactured by it and delivered hereunder to the initial user to be free of defects in material and workmanship for a period of three (3) months from initial operation or six (6) months from the date of shipment to the initial user, whichever first occurs.

With respect to the following types of equipment, the warranty period enumerated will apply in lieu of the foregoing warranty period.

A. Aftercoolers – The earlier of six (6) months from initial operation or nine (9) months from date of shipment to the initial user.

B. Portable Compressors, Portable Generator Sets (GENSET), Portable Light Towers and Air Dryers – The earlier of twelve (12) months from shipment to, or the accumulation of 2000 hours of service by, the initial user.

C. Portable Compressor Airends, 100–185 CFM (85mm) – The earlier of thirty–six (36) months from shipment to, or the accumulation of 5000 hours of service by, the initial user. For Air Ends, the warranty against defects will include replacement of the complete Air End, provided the original AIr End is returned assembled and unopened.

C1. Portable Compressor Airends, 250 and larger CFM – The earlier of twenty–four (24) months from shipment to, or the accumulation of 4000 hours of service by, the initial user. For Air Ends, the warranty against defects will include replacement of the complete Air End, provided the original AIr End is returned assembled and unopened.

C2. Portable Compressor Airend Limited Optional Warranty – The earlier of sixty (60) months from shipment to, or the accumulation of 10,000 hours of service by the initial user. The optional warranty is limited to defects in major components (rotors, housing and bearings), and is automatically available to the original user when he meets the following three conditions:

1. The original airend is returned assembled and un opened.
2. Submission of proof that Ingersoll–Rand coolant and filters have been used.
3. Submission of proof that maintenance intervals have been followed.

C3. All other Airends and Genset Generators – The earlier of twenty–four (24) months from shipment to, or the accumulation of 4000 hours of service by the initial user. For airends, the warranty against defects will include replacement of the complete airend, provided the original airend is returned assembled and unopened.

C4. Portable Light Tower Generators – The earlier of twelve (12) months from shipment to, or the accumulation of 2000 hours of service by the initial user.

D. Pavers, Milling Machines, Pedestrian Compactors (including baseplates, upright and walk behinds) – The earlier of (6) months from delivery to, or the accumulation of 1000 hours of service by, the initial user.

E. Forklifts and Self–Propelled Compactors – The earlier of twelve (12) months from shipment to, or the accumulation of 1000 hours service by, the initial user.

F. Downhole Drills – In lieu of the repair or replacement of defective parts, Ingersoll–Rand may elect to issue full or partial credit toward the purchase of a new part. The extent of credit issued will be determined by pro rating against the normal service life of the part in question.

G. Air and Hydraulic Percussion Crawler Drills – The earlier of six (6) months from shipment to, or the accumulation of 1000 hours service by the initial user.

H. Hydraulic Drifters – The earlier of six (6) months from shipment or the accumulation of 500 lifter hours service by the initial user.

I. Rotary Blasthole Equipment - The earlier of twelve (12) months from initial operation, fifteen (15) months from the date of shipment to, or accumulation of 2000 hours of service by the initial user.

J. Rotary Deep Hole or Monitor Equipment - The earlier of six (6) months from initial operation, nine (9) months from the date of shipment to, or the accumulation of 1000 hours service by the initial user.

M. Spare Parts (excluding downhill drills) - Three (3) months from date of shipment.

Ingersoll-Rand will provide a new part or repaired part, at its election, in place of any part which is found upon its inspection to be defective in material and workmanship during the period prescribed above. Such part will be repaired or replaced without charge to the initial user during normal working hours at the place of business of an Ingersoll-Rand distributor authorized to sell the type of equipment involved or other establishment authorized by Ingersoll-Rand. User must present proof of purchase and date at the time of exercising warranty.

This warranty does not apply to failures occurring as a result of abuse, misuse, negligent repairs, corrosion, erosion and normal wear and tear, alterations or modification made to the product without express written consent of Ingersoll-Rand: or failure to follow the recommended operating practices and maintenance procedures as provided in the product's operating and maintenance publications.

Accessories or equipment furnished by Ingersoll-Rand, but manufactured by others, including, but not limited to, engines, tires, batteries, engine electrical equipment, hydraulic transmissions, carriers, shall-carry whatever warranty the manufacturers have conveyed to Ingersoll-Rand and which can be passed on to the initial user.

This warranty is in lieu of all other warranties (except of title), expressed or implied, and there are no warranties of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose.

GENERAL WARRANTY INFORMATON

			EXTENDEDCOVERAGE
PORTABLE COMPRESSOR	PACKAGE	1 YR/2,000 HRS	
	AIREND	2 YRS/4,000 HRS 3 YRS/5,000 HRS (100-185 CFM ONLY)	5 YRS/10,000 HRS LIMITEDWARRANTY, MAJOR COMPONENTS (REFER TO OPERATORS MANUAL)

PORTABLE GENSET	PACKAGE	1 YR/2,000 HRS	
	GENERATOR	2 YRS/4,000 HRS	

LIGHT TOWER	PACKAGE	1 YR/2,000 HRS	
	GENERATOR	1 YR/2,000 HRS	2 YRS/4,000 HRS. FOR LIGHTSOURCE INTRODUCED 8/16/99

ENGINES			
	MONTHS	**HOURS**	**EXTENDED COVERAGE**
CATERPILLAR	12	NO LIMIT	AVAILABLE @ DEALER
CUMMINS	24	2,000	major components 3 yrs/10,000 hrs AVAILABLE @ DEALER
JOHN DEERE	24	2,000	AVAILABLE @ DEALER
DEUTZ	24	2,000	AVAILABLE @ DEALER
KUBOTA	24	2,000	major components 36 mo/3,000 hrs parts only
INGERSOLL-RAND	60	5,000	

PARTS			
	MONTHS	**HOURS**	**COVERAGE**
INGERSOLL-RAND	3	NO LIMIT	PARTS ONLY

	AIREND EXCHANGE		**EXTENDED COVERAGE**
	MONTHS	**HOURS**	
AIREND	12	2,000	2 YRS/4,000 HRS AVAILABLE FROM IR

Note: Actual warranty times may change.
Consult the manufactures warranty policy as shipped with each new product.

INGERSOLL-RAND DIESEL ENGINE WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF REMEDY AND LIABILITY (Revised 7/1/99)

A. Ingersoll-Rand, through its Dealer, warrants to purchaser (the "Buyer") that its engines sold with this warranty (including any optional equipment with which the engine is sold by its manufacturer), when shipped, will meet all applicable specifications and will be free from defects in material and workmanship. The duration for this warranty is the warranty period (the "warranty period") shown in the schedule below for the application for which the engine is purchased. Except as otherwise provided herein, the warranty period begins at the time of the earlier to occur of (1) first retail sale of the engine or the product into which the engine is incorporated (the 'first retail sale"), or (2) the accumulation of 100 engine demonstration hours. As used herein, "first retail sale" includes rental or lease.

ENGINE WARRANTY TERM & SCHEDULE

APPLICATION:	Industrial	
WARRANTY PERIOD:	Months*	- 0-60 months
	Hours/Miles*	- 5000 hrs
ADJUSTED SCHEDULE:	Parts	- 100%
	Labor	- 100%

All claims for failure to conform to specifications or defect in material or workmanship under this warranty must be made in writing promptly after discovery and, in any event, must be received by Ingersoll-Rand not less than sixty (60) months after first retail sale. Defective items must be held for inspection by Ingersoll-Rand or its authorized dealer and, if requested, returned to Ingersoll-Rand, transportation prepaid.

Ingersoll-Rand will correct any failure to conform to specifications or any defect in material or workmanship by causing repair to be performed by an authorized service outlet, using new or remanufactured genuine Ingersoll-Rand replacement parts, within a reasonable time following the delivery of the engine to the service outlet's place of business.

If Ingersoll-Rand is unable to correct the failure after a reasonable number of repair attempts, Ingersoll-Rand will provide, at its option, one of the following: (1) a replacement unit, or (2) full refund of the purchase price of the unit. These remedies are the Buyer's exclusive remedies for breach of warranty.

The Buyer is responsible for the performance of regular maintenance services as specified in the operator's manual applicable to the engine. If the lack of required maintenance was the reason for the repair, then the warranty claim will be denied. The Buyer must present proof of purchase at the time of exercising warranty. The Buyer is also responsible for any costs incurred to investigate any warranty claims where a determination is made that there has not been a warrantable failure not caused by a defect in Ingersoll-Rand material or workmanship. The Buyer must provide timely notice of a warrantable failure and promptly make the product available for repair.

B. THE FOREGOING WARRANTIES ARE IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES EXPRESS OR IMPLIED INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS OF PURPOSE.

C. Ingersoll-Rand's obligation under the warranty shall not apply to:

1. Any engine which shall have been subject to negligence, misuse, accident, misapplication, over-speeding or proprietary fittings not manufactured or approved by Ingersoll-Rand.

2. Any engine that has been repaired, modified or altered by anyone in a manner which in Ingersoll-Rand's sole judgment adversely affects its performance or reliability.

3. Any engine which has been fitted with or repaired with parts or components not supplied or approved by Ingersoll-Rand which in Ingersoll-Rand's sole judgment adversely affects the engine's performance or reliability.

4. Failure resulting from improper use of engine, lack of preventive maintenance or servicing including improper dismantling or removal of seals and/or governor of injection pump, or tampering with factory adjustments made by engine manufacturer or Ingersoll-Rand.

5. Engine tune-ups, normal maintenance services including but not limited to valve adjustment, normal replacement of service items, normal wear and tear of expendable parts including gaskets (except cylinder head gasket and manifold gasket) cylinder liners, starter brush, pinion and clutch of starter, elements of air cleaner, oil filter and fuel filter, glow plugs, control resistance, rubber hose, vinyl pipe, injection nozzle, fan belt, rust due to prolonged storage and fuel, lubricating oil, antifreeze, etc.

6. Damage caused by prolonged or improper storage of the engine after shipment from Ingersoll-Rand.

7. Loss of operating time to the user while the engine or engine driven equipment is out of operation and damage to equipment powered by the engine.

D. The foregoing is seller's only obligation and Buyer's exclusive remedy for breach of warranty. Buyer's failure to submit a claim as provided above shall specifically waive all claims for damages or other relief, including but not limited to claims based on latent defects. In no event shall Buyer be entitled to incidental or consequential damages such as downtime or loss-use of engine powered equipment whether such claims are based on breach of contract, tort (including negligence and strict liability) or other theories. Any action arising hereunder or relating hereto whether based on breach of contract, or other theories, must be commenced within one (1) year after the cause of action accrues or it shall be barred. Some states do not allow limitations on warranties, or on remedies for breach of warranties in some transactions. Where disallowed by applicable state law, the limitations set forth in Part B and this Part D shall not apply.

E. Except as modified in writing signed by the parties, this warranty is and shall remain the complete and exclusive agreement between the parties with respect to warranties, superseding all prior agreement, oral or written, and all other communications between the parties relating to the subject matter of this agreement. No employee of Ingersoll-Rand or any other person is authorized to make any warranty in addition to those set forth herein.

Extended Limited Airend Warranty

Ingersoll-Rand Portable Compressor Division is pleased to announce the availability of extended limited airend warranty. Announcement of the extended warranty coincides with the introduction of PRO•TEC™ Compressor Fluid. PRO•TEC™ Compressor Fluid is an amber colored fluid specially formulated for Portable Compressors and is being provided as the factory filled fluid for all machines except [1] XHP650/900/1070 models.

All machines have the standard airend warranty - *The earlier of 24 months from shipment to, or the accumulation of 4000 hours of service by the initial user, (36 months from shipment to, or the accumulation of 5000 of service for 100 through 185 CFM machines).*

The warranty against defects will include replacement of the complete airend, provided the original airend is returned assembled and unopened.

The optional limited warranty is the earlier of 60 months from shipment to, or the accumulation of 10,000 hours of service. The optional warranty is limited to defects in major components (rotors, housings, gears, bearings), and is automatically available when the following three conditions are met:

1. The original airend is returned assembled and unopened.
2. Submissions of proof that Ingersoll-Rand fluid, filters and separators have been used. Refer to the Operation and Parts manual for the correct fluids, filters and separator elements required.
3. Submission of proof that maintenance intervals have been followed.

WARRANTY	TIME	*BARE AIREND	* * AIREND COMPONENTS
STANDARD	**2 yrs/4000 hrs** **3 yrs/5000 hrs (100-185 CFM only)**	**100% parts and labor** **100% parts and labor**	**100% parts and labor** **100% parts and labor**
OPTIONAL	**5 yrs/10,000 hrs**	**100% parts and labor**	**0%**

***** Bare Airend - pertains to major airend parts (rotors, housings, gears and bearings).

****** Airend Components - pertains to auxiliary attachments to the bare airend (drive coupling, seals, pumps, valves, tubes, hoses, filttings and filter housing).

PRO•TEC™ and XHP505 Compressor Fluids are available from the Mocksville Product Support department by calling 1-800-633-5206.

[1] XHP650/900/1070 will continue to use XHP505 and will have the extended warranty when above conditions are met.

WARRANTY REGISTRATION

Complete Machine Registration

Machines shipped to locations within the United States do not require a warranty registration unless the machine status changes (i.e. change of ownership).

Machines shipped outside the United States require notification be made to initiate the machine warranty.

Fill out the Warranty Registration Form in this section, keep a copy for your records and mail form to:

Ingersoll-Rand Company
Portable Compressor Division
P.O. Box 868
Mocksville, North Carolina 27028

Attn: Warranty Department

Note: Completion of this form validates the warranty.

Engine Registration:

John Deere requires a separate engine registration be completed and mailed direct to John Deere. Separate engine registration material is included with this literature package for John Deere powered machines. All other engine manufacturers do not require a separate engine registration. You MUST present proof of in-service date at time of requesting engine warranty service.

WARRANTY REGISTRATION

Selling Distributor	Servicing Distributor	Owner/User Name
Name _____	Name _____	_____
Address _____	Address _____	Address _____
City _____	City _____	City _____
County _____	County _____	County _____
State _____	State _____	State _____
Zip Code _____	Zip Code _____	Zip Code _____
Telephone _____	Telephone _____	Telephone _____

Complete the Applicable Blocks

Owner/User Type of Business (check one only)

☐ Construction–Heavy (highway, excavation, etc.)	☐ Asphalt Contractor	☐ Coal Mining	☐ Other Mining
☐ Construction–Light (carpentry, plumbing, pools, mason, etc.)	☐ Government (municipal, state, county, etc.)	☐ Quarry	☐ Shallow Oil & Gas
☐ Rental (rental center, rental fleet, etc.)	☐ Building Contractor	☐ Waterwell	☐ Utility Company (gas, electric, water, etc.)
☐ Industrial (plant use)	☐ Other specify _____	☐ Exploration	☐ Utility Contractor

Model	Unit S/N	Engine S/N	Date Delivered

Unit–Hours	Airend S/N	Truck S/N	Truck Engine S/N

SERVICING DISTRIBUTOR/USER ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

1. The Purchaser has been instructed and/or has read the manual and understands proper preventative maintenance, general operation and safety precautions.
2. The warranty and limitation of liability has been reviewed and understood by the owner/user.
3. In the event that this unit is to be used within a nuclear facility, the owner/user shall notify Ingersoll–Rand of such use so that Ingersoll–Rand may arrange for appropriate nuclear liability protection from the owner–licensee of the facility.
4. Ingersoll–Rand reserves the right to make design changes or modifications of Ingersoll–Rand products at anytime without incurring any obligation to make similar changes or modifications on previously sold units.

- *fold* -

Ingersoll-Rand Company
Portable Compressor Division
P.O. Box 868
Mocksville, North Carolina 27028

Attention: Warranty Department

SECTION 3 – NOISE EMISSION

This section pertains only to machines distributed with-in the United States.

WARNING

TAMPERING WITH NOISE CONTROL SYSTEM PROHIBITED

Federal law prohibits the following acts or the causing thereof:

(1) The removal or rendering inoperative by any persons, other than for purposes of maintenance, repair, or replacement, of any device or element of design incorporated into any new compressor for the purpose of noise control prior to its sale or delivery to the ultimate purchaser or while it is in use; or (2) the use of the compressor after such device or element of design has been removed or rendered inoperative by any person.

Among those acts included in the prohibition against tampering are these:

4. Removal or rendering inoperative any of the following:
   a. the engine exhaust system or parts thereof
   b. the air intake system or parts thereof
   c. enclosure or parts thereof

5. Removal of any of the following:
   a. fan shroud
   b. vibration mounts
   c. sound absorption material

6. Operation of the compressor with any of the enclosure doors open.

Compressor Noise Emission Control Information

A. The removal or rendering inoperative, other than for the purpose of maintenance, repair, or replacement of any noise control device or element of design incorporated into this compressor in compliance with the noise control act;

B. The use of this compressor after such device or element of design has been removed or rendered inoperative.

Note: the above information applies only to units that are built in compliance with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

Ingersoll–Rand Company reserves the right to make changes or add improvements without notice and without incurring any obligation to make such changes or add such improvements to products sold previously.

The Purchaser is urged to include the above provisions in any agreement for any resale of this compressor.

NOISE EMISSION CONTROL MAINTENANCE LOG

COMPRESSOR MODEL _____

SERIAL NO. _____

USER UNIT NO. _____

UNIT IDENTIFICATION

ENGINE MAKE & MODEL: _____

SERIAL NO.: _____

PURCHASER OR OWNER: _____

ADDRESS: _____

_____

DEALER OR DISTRIBUTOR FROM WHOM PURCHASED:

_____

_____

DATE PURCHASED: _____

The Noise Control Act of 1972 (86 Stat. 1234) prohibits tampering with the noise control system of any compressor manufactured and sold under the above regulations, specifically the following acts or the causing thereof:

(1) The removal or rendering inoperative by any persons, other than for purposes of maintenance, repair, or replacement, of any device or element of design incorporated into any new compressor for the purpose of noise control prior to its sale or delivery to the ultimate purchaser or while it is in use; or (2) the use of the compressor after such device or element of design has been removed or rendered inoperative by any person.

NOISE EMISSION WARRANTY

The manufacturer warrants to the ultimate purchaser and each subsequent purchaser that this air compressor was designed, built and equipped to conform at the time of sale to the first retail purchaser, with all applicable U.S. EPA Noise Control Regulations.

This warranty is not limited to any particular part, component, or system of the air compressor. Defects in the design, assembly, or in any part, component, or system of the compressor which, at the time of sale to the first retail purchaser, caused noise emissions to exceed Federal Standards are covered by this warranty for the life of the air compressor. (40CFR204.58-1).

INTRODUCTION

The unit for which this Maintenance Log is provided conforms to U.S. E.P.A. Regulations for Noise Emissions, applicable to Portable Air Compressors.

The purpose of this book is to provide (1) the Maintenance Performance Schedule below for all required noise emission controls and (2) space so that the purchaser or owner can record what maintenance was done, by whom, where and when. Detailed instructions on the maintenance items below are given on the following page.

MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

ITEM	AREA	PERIOD
A.	COMPRESSED AIR LEAKS	AS DETECTED
B.	SAFETY AND CONTROL SYSTEMS	AS DETECTED
C.	ACOUSTIC MATERIALS	DAILY
D.	FASTENERS	100 HOURS
E.	ENCLOSURE PANELS	100 HOURS
F.	AIR INTAKE & ENGINE EXHAUST	100 HOURS
G.	COOLING SYSTEMS	250 HOURS
H.	ISOLATION MOUNTS	250 HOURS
I.	ENGINE OPERATION	SEE OPERATOR'S MANUAL
J.	FUELS & LUBRICANTS	SEE OPERATOR'S MANUAL

A. COMPRESSED AIR LEAKS

Correct all compressed air leaks during the first shutdown period after discovery. If severe enough to cause serious noise problems and efficiency loss, shut down immediately and correct the leak(s).

B. SAFETY AND CONTROL SYSTEMS

Repair or replace all safety and control systems or circuits as malfunction occurs. No compressor should be operated with **either** system bypassed, disabled, or nonfunctional.

C. ACOUSTIC MATERIALS

In daily inspections observe these materials. Maintain all acoustic material as nearly as possible in its original condition. Repair or replace all sections that have: 1) sustained damage, 2) have partially separated from panels to which they were attached, 3) are missing, or have otherwise deteriorated due to severe operating or storage conditions.

D. FASTENERS

All fasteners such as hinges, nuts, bolts, clamps, screws, rivets, and latches should be inspected for looseness after each 100 hours of operation. They should be retightened, repaired, or — if missing — replaced immediately to prevent subsequent damage and noise emission increase.

E. ENCLOSURE PANELS

Enclosure panels should also be inspected at 100-hour operational intervals. All panels that are warped, punctured, torn, or otherwise deformed, such that their noise containment function is reduced, should be repaired or replaced before the next operation interval. Doors, access panels, and hatch closures especially, should be checked and adjusted at this time to insure continuous sealing between gasket or acoustic material and the mating frame.

F. AIR INTAKE AND ENGINE EXHAUST

Engine and compressor air intake and engine exhaust systems should be inspected after each 100 hours of operation for loose, damaged, or deteriorated components. Repairs or replacements should be made before the next period of use.

G. COOLING SYSTEMS

All components of the cooling systems for engine water and compressor oil should be inspected every 250 hours of use. Any discrepancies found should be corrected before placing the unit back in operation. Unrestricted airflow over the radiator and oil cooler must be maintained at all times during operation.

H. ISOLATION MOUNTS

Engine/airend isolation mounts should be inspected after each 250 hours of operation. Those mounts with cracks or splits in the molded rubber, or with bent or broken bolts due to operation or storage in severe environments, all should be replaced with equivalent parts.

I. ENGINE OPERATION

Inspect and maintain engine condition and operation as recommended in the manuals supplied by the engine manufacturer.

J. FUELS AND LUBRICANTS

Use only the types and grades of fuels and lubricants recommended in the Ingersoll-Rand Company and Engine Manufacturer's Operator and Maintenance Manuals.

MAINTENANCE RECORD FOR NOISE EMISSION CONTROL

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION OF WORK OR COMMENTS	HOURMETER READING	MAINT/INSPECT DATE	LOCATION CITY/STATE	WORK DONE BY (NAME)

SECTION 4 – GENERAL DATA

Models	XHP650WCAT	XHP750WCAT	XHP825WCAT	XHP900WCAT
Rated Delivery:				
cfm	650	750	825	900
litres/sec	310	355	390	425
Rated Pressure:				
– psi	350	300	250	350
– kPa	2400	2100	1725	2400

Engine Model: Caterpillar (Diesel)	CAT 3306TA	CAT 3306TA	CAT3306TA	CAT3306TA
Full Load Speed – rpm	1850	1850	1850	1800
No Load Speed – rpm	1200	1200	1200	1200
Electrical System – volt	24	24	24	24

Weight pounds (kilograms)	13600 (6174)	13600 (6174)	13600 (6174)	14900 (6765)

Fluid Capacities – U.S. Gallons (litres)

Compressor Lubricant Initial (dry) Fill Service Refill	47 (178) 44 (167)	47 (178) 44 (167)	47 (178) 44 (167)	55 (208) 44 (167)
Fuel Tank (Use clean DIESEL fuel)	180 (680)	180 (680)	180 (680)	180 (680)
Engine Crankcase Lubricant	7.2 (27.3)	7.2 (27.3)	7.2 (27.3)	9.0 (34.1)
Engine Coolant (Radiator)	12.5 (47)	12.5 (47)	12.5 (47)	17.0 (64)

UNITS MEASUREMENTS/WEIGHTS – feet (meters)

Overall Length (drawbar up) 15.9 (4.84)
Overall Height 8.46 (2.58)
Overall Width 7.38 (2.25)

RUNNING GEAR

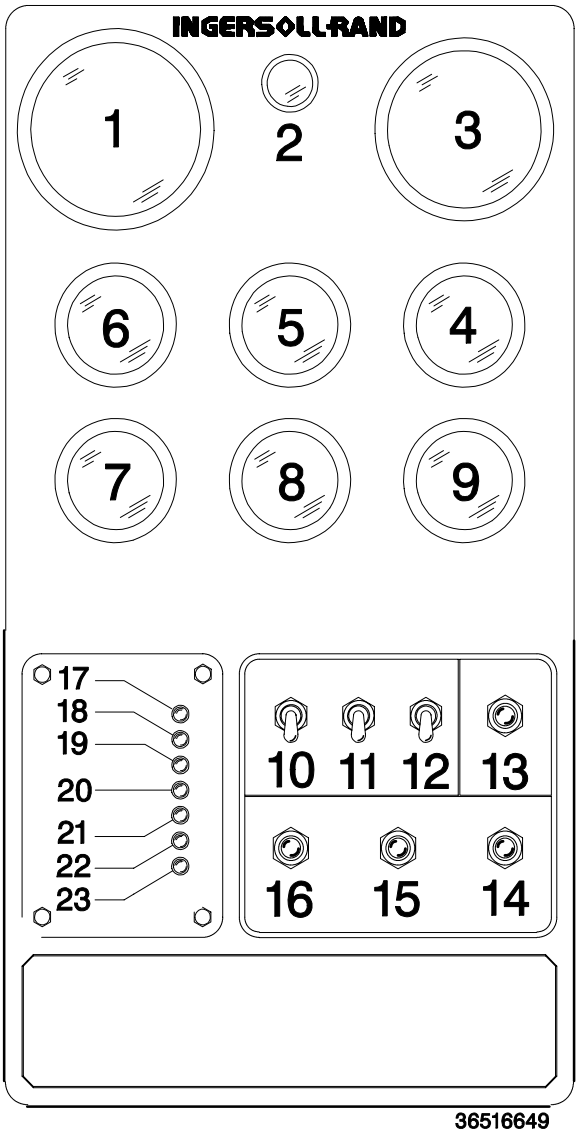
Tire Size/Load Range . . . . . 8.25 x 15TR
Load Range . . . . . "F"
Inflation Pressure (Cold) – psi (kPa) 105 (720)
Towing Speed (Maximum) MPH (km/hr) 20 (32)

NOTICE: Any departure from the specifications may make this equipment unsafe and out of factory warranty. Do not mix different types of lubricants.

SECTION 5 – OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

Instrument Control Panel

OPERATING CONTROLS & INSTRUMENTS



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1. Compressor Disch. Pressure Gauge – Indicates pressure in receiver tank, normally from 0 psi (kPa) to the rated pressure of the machine.

2. Lamp – Controlled by Switch 11.

3. Engine Tachometer – Indicates engine speed in RPM from 0 when stopped to full speed.

4. Discharge Air Temperature Gauge – Indicates in °F and °C. Normal operating range:185°F/85°C to 230 °F/110 °C.

5. Fuel Level Gauge – Indicates amount of fuel in tanks.

6. Engine Oil Pressure Gauge – See Engine Operation Manual for normal range.

7. Hourmeter – Records running time for maintenance purposes.

8. Voltmeter – Indicates battery condition.

9. Engine Water Temperature Gauge – Indicates coolant temperature, with normal operating range from 180°F(82°C) to 210°F(99°C).

CONTROLS

10. Power Switch – Flip "On" to operate, "Off" to stop.

11. Lights Switch – Operates Lamp 2 and those within gauges.

12. Heaters Switch – Activates control system heaters for operation below 32°F(°C).

13. Service Air Button – After warm up, provides full air pressure at the service outlet.

14. Bypass Button – Bypasses automatic shutdown circuit.

15. Start Button – Activates the engine starter.

16. Ether Inject Button – Injects a measured shot. USE SPARINGLY.

DIAGNOSTICS / AUTOMATIC SHUTDOWN

17. High Compressor Temperature – 248°F(120°C) or more.

18. Low Engine Oil Pressure – 12 psi or less.

19. High Engine Temperature – Coolant above 215°F (102°C).

20. Low Fuel Level – Comes on first as a warning and eventually triggers a shutdown.

21. Alternator Not Charging – Needs attention.

22. Low Coolant Level – Dangerously low; needs attention.

23. Air Filters Restricted – Need servicing.

WARNING

Do not climb on top of unit. The lifting eye can be reached through the roof door ONLY from INSIDE of the unit.

BEFORE TOWING

When lifting or lowering drawbar, always grasp drawbar firmly and stand to one side.

Ensure that the tires, wheels and running gear are in good condition and secure.

Units equipped with hydraulic brakes:

- Check brake fluid level. Top off as required with DOT 3 brake fluid.
- Check condition of brake lines, hoses and cables. Repair or replace damaged parts.
- Attach brake actuator breakaway chain above hitch on towing vehicle.

Units equipped with electric brakes:

Start by making sure the trailer brakes are properly adjusted (see adjustment procedure). Vehicles towing units with electric brakes should be equipped with the Ingersoll-Rand Electric Brake Kit P/N 36088799. If tow vehicle is already equipped with an electric brake controller, check operation of the brakes before towing. Attach brake breakaway cable to hitch on towing vehicle.

TOWING

Do not tow this unit in excess of 20mph (32km/hr).

Use a tow vehicle whose towing capacity is greater than the gross weight of this unit.

SET - UP

Place the unit in an open, well-ventilated area. Position as level as possible. The design of these units permits a 15 degree sidewise limit on out-of-level operation.

When the unit is to be operated out-of-level it is important:

(1) To keep the engine crankcase oil level near the high level mark (with the unit level),

(2) To have the compressor oil level gauge show no more than mid-scale.

Do not overfill the engine crankcase or the compressor.

DISCONNECT

Engage parking brakes and chock wheels of both tow vehicle and compressor.

Stand aside while:

- Withdraw pin, swing jack down and fully insert pin to lock in down position.
- Disconnect safety chains from tow vehicle.
- Disconnect brake actuator chain from tow vehicle.
- If so equipped, disconnect running light plug from the tow vehicle.
- Operate drawbar jack to raise pintle eye from hitch of tow vehicle.

CAUTION

Whenever the machine is stopped, air will flow back into the compressor system from devices or systems downstream of the machine unless the service valve is closed. Install a check valve at the machine service valve to prevent reverse flow in the event of an unexpected shutdown when the service valve is open.

WARNING

Unrestricted air flow from a hose will result in a whipping motion of the hose which can cause serious injury or death. A safety device must be attached to the hose at the source of supply to reduce pressure in case of hose failure or other sudden pressure release. Reference: OSHA regulation 29 CFR Section 1926.302 (b).

BEFORE STARTING -

All checks should be made while unit is level.

 Open service valve (s) to ensure pressure is relieved in receiver-separator system.

• Close valve (s) in order to build up full air pressure and ensure proper oil circulation.

 Check battery for proper connections and condition.

COMBUSTIBLE GAS CAN CAUSE SEVERE BURNS, BLINDNESS OR DEATH. KEEP SPARKS AND OPEN FLAME AWAY FROM BATTERY.

Check the compressor and engine lubricating oil levels.

The oil level should be checked before the unit is started. Always check the oil level while the unit is level, the engine off, and there is zero pressure in the separator tank. the proper oil level is midway on the sigh gauge. Add oil if the level falls to the bottom of the sight gauge when the unit is running at full load. Do not overfill.

WARNING

Hot pressurized fluid can cause serious burns. Do not open radiator while hot.

 Check engine coolant level by removing the radiator top cap and looking for coolant in the filler neck of the radiator. Add coolant as required. Insure that radiator cap is installed properly and tightened.

NOTICE: If the appropriate mixture of antifreeze is not used during freezing temperatures, failure to drain the engine may cause costly engine damage. Never use water only as corrosion inhibitors are required in engine coolant fluid.

CAUTION

No smoking, sparks, or open flame near fuel.

 Check the fuel level. Add only CLEAN DIESEL fuel for maximum service from the engine. Refer to the Engine Section for fuel specifications.

A fuel level gauge reading can be obtained by turning the power switch to "ON".

NOTICE

To minimize condensation (water) in the fuel tank, fill the tank at the end of each day.

WARNING

This machine produces loud noise with doors open. Extended exposure to loud noise can cause hearing loss. Wear hearing protection when doors or valve (s) are open.

 Close the side doors to maintain a cooling air path and to avoid recirculation of hot air. This will maximize the life of the engine and compressor and protect the hearing of surrounding personnel.

• Make sure no one is IN or ON the compressor unit.

STARTING -

CAUTION

Exercise caution when using a booster battery charger to start.

To jump-start, connect the positive booster/charger cable to the 24VDC positive (+) terminal of the battery. Then connect the negative booster/charger cable to the engine block...Not to the negative (-) terminal of the weak battery. After starting, disconnect the negative (-) cable from engine block; then from the booster battery/charger. Disconnect positive (+) cable from both batteries.

• Flip the POWER switch to "ON". All diagnostics lamps will light (glow) for two (2) seconds. Then all lamps should go off except for ALTERNATOR NOT CHARGING and LOW ENGINE OIL PRESSURE.

• In freezing weather, flip HEATERS switch "ON" and wait sixty (60) seconds. This applies heat to the control system components for easier starting. Leave this switch "ON" while operating at these temperatures.

If equipped with 24 volt compressor (Cold Start Option)

• Press and hold the BYPASS button for ten (10) to fifteen (15) seconds. This operates the 24 volt compressor which pressurizes the inlet valve and holds it closed for easier starting.

• Press both the START and the BYPASS buttons to crank the engine. DO NOT OPERATE THE STARTER MOTOR FOR MORE THAN TEN (10) SECONDS WITHOUT ALLOWING AT LEAST ONE MINUTE COOLING TIME BETWEEN START ATTEMPTS.

CAUTION

Ether is an extremely volatile, high flammable gas. Use Sparingly! If too much is injected, the uncontrolled explosion may result in costly damage to the engine.

In cold weather:

In cold weather, as required, press the ETHER INJECT button once or twice only while the engine is cranking. This injects a measured amount of ETHER to the engine.

Release the START button when the engine starts and sustains running. If the engine does not start after a couple of attempts, Refer to Trouble Shooting Section.

Release BYPASS button when the engine speed reaches 1000 rpm. The engine oil pressure should be above 20 psi. If the engine oil pressure does not rise within five (5) seconds, stop the unit and refer to Engine Operator's Manual.

Once running, All DIAGNOSTIC lamps should be off. If not, stop the machine and investigate.

Observe the gauges while the unit warms up for five (5) to ten (10) minutes or until the coolant temperature reaches 140□ F (60□ C).

Push the SERVICE AIR button. The engine should go to full speed and the discharge pressure rise to slightly over rated pressure. If there is no air being consumed, the compressor will unload (intake should be throttled or closed) and the engine speed drop to the no load speed.

□ Compressor is now ready to furnish air when the service valve is opened.

STOPPING

□ Close air service valve (s).

□ Allow the unit to run at "no load" for 3 to 5 minutes to reduce the engine temperatures

□ Flip all toggle switches to "Off".

Note: Once the engine stops, the automatic blowdown valve will begin to relieve all pressure from the receiver-separator system.

CAUTION

Never allow the unit to sit stopped with pressure in the receiver-separator system. As a precaution, open the service valve.

WARNING

Even after pressure is relieved from the receiver-separator system, any air supply line from the compressor to a tool or machine could remain under pressure and cause very serious personal injury or death.

After the compressor stops, carefully open a valve at any tool or machine to exhaust the pressure in any line prior to removal or servicing.

CAUTION

When the machine is connected for operation, its system will become pressurized and/or contaminated if it is stopped with the service valve open. Any volume of air downstream of the compressor will flow back into the compressor through the open service valve. A check valve is required as close to the service valve as possible to prevent reverse flow.

EQUIPMENT PROTECTION

NOTICE

Do NOT wire around or bypass a shutdown sensor or switch.

All units in this family of machines are protected by five (5) sensors or switches at the following locations:

(1) High engine COOLANT temperature in the engine.

(2) Low engine oil pressure, in the engine.

(3) Low Fuel Level. (First, the light on the control panel will come on as a warning).

High Discharge AIR Temperature

(4) At the airend outlet.

(5) In the safety valve connection on the side of the separator tank.

All sensors will automatically reset when the problem condition is corrected.

Automatic Shutdown/Diagnostics

Should any of these problem situations occur, the unit will automatically shutdown and stop. BEFORE restarting the unit or flipping the POWER switch to "Off", check the DIAGNOSTICS area on the instrument panel.

In a shutdown situation, the function of the panel lamps is to indicate what specific failure caused the unit to shut down. These lamps will remain illuminated until the Power Switch is turned "OFF".

Note: None of the panel lamps should be glowing when machine is operating. If they are, shut unit down and investigate.

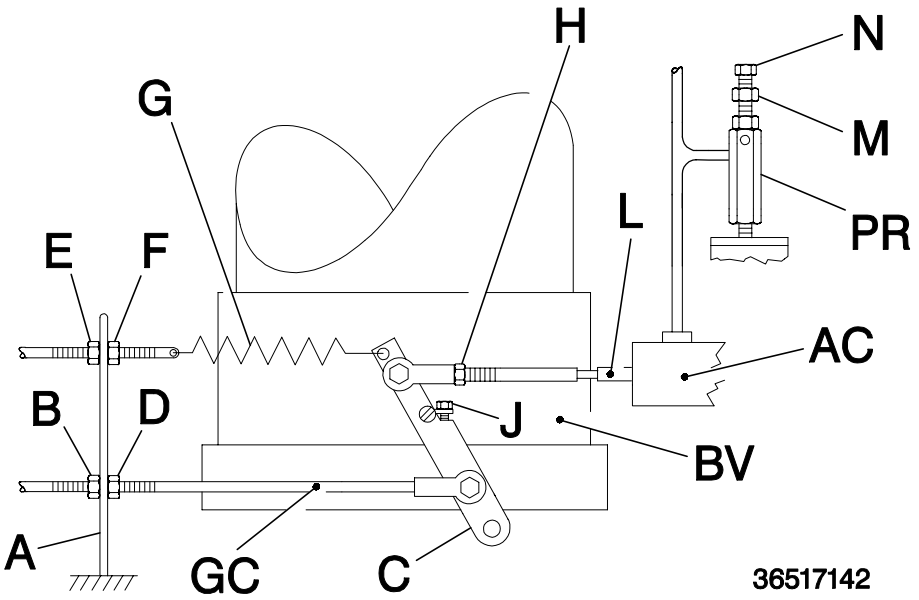
The upper four (4) lamps are electronically "latched" to only respond to the first or primary signal for a shutdown. In other words, if the automatic shutdown is the result of one of these four problems, only that particular problem lamp will be lit. And the lamp will remain lit as long as the batteries provide power.

Refer to OPERATING CONTROLS AND INSTRUMENTS for the various problem signal criteria (°F, psi, etc.). The indicated problem area should be inspected for a physical cause (low fluid, broken fan belt, evidence of excessive heat, etc.) and corrections made.

Sensors (1) through (5) will automatically reset when the problem condition is corrected.

Other possible causes for an unexpected shutdown are listed on the Trouble Shooting Chart.

SPEED AND PRESSURE REGULATION



Adjustment Instructions

The operating pressure of this unit was set at the factory to the maximum rating (at full speed). See General Data. However, this pressure may be reset down to 150 psi (1050 kPa).

Normally, regulation requires no adjusting; but if proper adjustment is lost, proceed as follows:

1. **WITH UNIT STOPPED**, disconnect rod end bearing on governor cable (GC) at engine governor lever.

2. At bracket (A) near butterfly valve (BV) run nut (B) back on governor cable housing. Push governor cable housing toward lever (C). Tighten nut (D).

3. Loosen nut (E) to relax spring (G).

4. Loosen nut (H). Turn rod (L) in Air Cylinder (AC) until approximately 3/4 inch (20 mm) between nut (H) and flats on rod (L).

5. Turn rod (L) One round into rod end bearing. Tighten nut (H). Rotate butterfly shaft/lever (C), open and close, several times to assure that linkage is not binding.

6. With engine governor lever in full speed position, reconnect rod end bearing.

7. Take slack out of spring (G) by moving nuts (E) and (F). Tighten nuts.

XHP 900 Units ONLY: *Adjust spring so it is full stretched, and nut (F) is at far end of rod, closest to spring (G). Tighten nuts.*

8. Start unit and allow to warm up for 3 to 5 minutes.

9. Push “Service Air” button on control panel.

10. With service air valve closed, adjust pressure regulator (PR) to rated pressure (*) plus 10 psi (70 kPa) as follows:

11. Loosen locknut (M) counterclockwise;. Turn adjustment cap (N) clockwise to increase pressure, counterclockwise to decrease pressure.

12. Set no load speed (*) by adjusting position of rod end bearing on governor cable at engine. Tighten lock nut.

13. Open service air valve and observe full load engine speed (*). Adjust regulator to give rated operating pressure (*). Tighten locknut (M).

14. Close and slowly open service air valve. If engine speed surges, increase tension on spring (G) by moving nuts (E) and (F). ***XHP900 Units ONLY:*** *Should not be adjusted by moving nuts (E) and (F). See Step 7.* If set speeds are not correct, repeat steps 12, 13 and 14 as required.

15. To regulate to any pressure between 150 psi (1050 kPa) and maximum rating (*), make adjustments at the pressure regulator.

SECTION 6 – MAINTENANCE

GENERAL

In addition to periodic inspections, many of the components in these units require periodic servicing to provide maximum output and performance. Servicing may consist of pre-operation and post-operation procedures to be performed by the operating or maintenance personnel. The primary function of preventive maintenance is to prevent failure, and consequently, the need for repair. Preventive maintenance is the easiest and the least expensive type of maintenance. Maintaining your unit and keeping it clean at all times will facilitate servicing.
Refer to the engine Operator's Manual furnished in this manual for the specific requirements on preventive maintenance for the engine.

SCHEDULED MAINTENANCE

The maintenance schedule is based on normal operation of the unit. This page can be reproduced and used as a checklist by the service personnel. In the event unusual environmental operating conditions exist, the schedule should be adjusted accordingly.

COMPRESSOR OIL LEVEL

The oil level is most consistent when the unit is RUNNING AT FULL LOAD and should be checked at this time. The optimum operating level is midway of the sight tube on the side of the receiver tank. See the decal beside the sight tube. If the oil level is not in the "OK" range, make appropriate corrections (Add or Drain). A totally filled sight tube in which the level is not visible indicates an over-full condition and requires that oil be drained.

If necessary, Refer to Lubrication Section for recommended lubricant.

AIR CLEANER

This unit is equipped with an AIR FILTERS RESTRICTED lamp on the instrument panel, covering both the engine and the compressor.

This should be checked daily during operation. If the lamp glows (red) with the unit operating at full speed, servicing of the cleaner element is necessary.

Also weekly squeeze the rubber valve (precleaner dirt dump) on each air cleaner housing to ensure that they are not clogged.

NOTICE: Holes or cracks downstream of the air cleaner housing will cause the restriction indicators to be ineffective.

The air filters restricted sensor will automatically reset after the main power switch is flipped to "OFF."

1. Loosen outer wing nut and remove with outer element. Remove loose inner wing nut and inner (safety) element.

2. Inspect air cleaner housing for any condition that might cause a leak and correct as necessary.

3. Wipe inside of air cleaner housing with a clean, damp cloth to remove any dirt accumulation, especially in the area where the element seals against the housing.

4. Inspect the primary element by placing a bright light inside and rotating slowly. If any holes or tears are found in the paper, discard this element. If no ruptures are found, the element can be cleaned by one of the following procedures.

   Do not clean the safety element. Replace it with a new element.

5. Check new air filter elements for any shipping damage.

6. Install cleaned or new elements in the reverse order to the above. Tighten wing nuts firmly.

7. Inspect to ensure that the end cap seals tightly 360 degrees around the air cleaner body.

In the event that the filter element must be reused immediately, compressed air cleaning (as follows) is recommended since the element must be thoroughly dry. Direct compressed air through the element in the direction opposite to the normal air flow through the element.

Move the nozzle up and down while rotating the element. Be sure to keep the nozzle at least one inch (25.4 mm) from the pleated paper.

NOTICE

To prevent damage to the element, never exceed a maximum air pressure of 100 psi (700 kPa).

The air cleaner system (housing and piping) should be inspected every month for any leakage paths or inlet obstructions. Make sure the air cleaner mounting bolts and clamps are tight. Check the air cleaner housing for dents or damage which could lead to a leak. Inspect the air transfer tubing from the air cleaner to the compressor and the engine for holes.

Make sure that all clamps and flange joints are tight.

GAUGES

The instruments or gauges are essential for safety, maximum productivity and long service life of the machine. Inspect the gauges and test any diagnostic lamps prior to start-up. During operation observe the gauges and any lamps for proper functioning. Refer to Operating Controls & Instruments for the normal readings.

FUEL TANK

This unit is equipped with tank that can be filled from front of unit. Using clean fuel in the fuel tank is vitally important and every precaution should be taken to ensure that only clean fuel is either poured or pumped into the tank.

Every six months the drain valve should be opened so that any sediment or accumulated condensate may be drained. When closing the valve, make sure it is fully closed and does not leak.

BATTERY

Keep the battery posts-to-cable connections clean, tight and lightly coated with a grease. Also the electrolyte level in each cell should cover the top of the plates. If necessary, top-up with clean distilled water.

TIRES

A weekly inspection is recommended. Tires that have cuts or cracks or little tread should be repaired or replaced. Monthly check the wheel lug nuts for tightness.

AUTOMATIC SHUTDOWN SYSTEM

The discharge air temperature switches will require approximately 248□F (120□C) to actuate. The engine coolant temperature switch will require approximately 215□ F (102□C) to actuate. Replace any defective switch before continuing to operate the unit.

A low oil pressure switch may be tested by removing it and connecting it to a source of controlled pressure while monitoring an ohmmeter connected to the switch terminals. As pressure is applied slowly from the controlled source, the switch should close at 12 psi (.84 kgf per cm 2) and show continuity through the contacts. As the pressure is slowly decreased to 8 psi (0.56 kgf per cm2) the contacts should open and the ohmmeter should show lack of continuity (infinite ohms) through the contacts. Replace a defective switch before continuing to operate the unit.

COMPRESSOR OIL COOLER

The compressor lubricating and cooling oil is cooled by means of the fin and tube-type oil cooler, located beside the radiator. The lubricating and cooling oil, flowing internally through the core section, is cooled by the air stream from the cooling fan flowing past the core section. When grease, oil and dirt accumulate on the exterior surfaces of the oil cooler, its efficiency is impaired.

Each month it is recommended that the oil cooler be cleaned by directing compressed air which contains a nonflammable safety solvent through the core of the oil cooler. This should remove the accumulation of grease, oil and dirt from the exterior surfaces of the oil cooler core so that the entire cooling area can transmit the heat of the lubricating and cooling oil to the air stream.

In the event foreign deposits, such as sludge and lacquer, accumulate in the oil cooler to the extent that its cooling efficiency is impaired, a resulting high discharge air temperature is likely to occur, causing shut down of the unit. To correct this situation it will be necessary to clean it using a cleaning compound in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. After completing the cleaning procedure, the oil cooler must be flushed before returning to service.

RADIATOR

WARNING

Do not remove the cap from a HOT engine radiator. The sudden release of pressure from a heated cooling system can result in serious personal injury.

The engine cooling system is filled at the factory with a 50/50 mixture of water and ethylene glycol. This permanent type antifreeze contains rust inhibitors and provides protection to -35° F (-37°C). The use of such a mixture is recommended for both summer and winter operation. When using water alone, be sure to add a reputable brand of rust inhibitor to prevent internal corrosion.

It is recommended to test the freezing protection of the coolant every six months or prior to freezing temperatures. Replenish with a fresh mixture every twelve months. A drain for the system is located in the bottom radiator tank. An alternate method would be to disconnect a bottom radiator hose.

Each month, inspect the radiator exterior for obstructions (dirt, bugs, etc.). If present, blow water or compressed air containing a nonflammable solvent between the fins in a direction opposite the normal air flow. Should the radiator be clogged internally, standard automotive practices should be followed.

HOSES

Each month it is recommended that all of the intake lines to and from the air cleaners, the engine cooling system hoses and all of the flexible hoses used for air, oil, and fuel be inspected.

To ensure freedom from air leaks, all rubber hose joints and the screw-type hose clamps must be absolutely tight. Regular inspection of these connections for wear or deterioration is a definite "must" if regulator servicing of the air cleaners is not to prove futile. Premature wear of both the engine and compressor is ASSURED whenever dust-laden air is permitted to enter the engine's combustion chamber or the compressor intake practically unfiltered.

The flexible hoses used in the fuel, oil and air lines on these units are primarily used for their ability to accommodate relative movement between components. It is extremely important they be periodically inspected for wear and deterioration. Clamps are used to prevent hose cover abrasion through vibration. This abrasion may occur when two hose lines cross, or when a hose line rubs against a fixed point; therefore, it is necessary that all clamps be replaced if missing. It is also important the operator does not use the hoses as convenient hand hold or steps. Such use can cause early cover wear and hose failure.

NOTICE

Piping systems operating at less than 150 psi (1050 kPa) may use a special nylon tubing. The associated fittings are also of a special "push-in" design. If so, features are as follows:

Pulling on the tubing will cause the inner sleeve to withdraw and compress, thus tightening the connection. The tubing can be withdrawn only while holding the sleeve against the fitting. The tubing can be removed and replaced numerous times without losing its sealing ability.

To install the nylon tubing, make a mark (with tape or grease pencil) approximately 7/8 inch from the end of the tubing. Insert the tubing into the sleeve and "push-in" past the first resistance to the bottom. The mark should be approximately 1/16 inch from the sleeve, for the 3/8 inch O.D. tubing; 1/8 inch for the 0.25 inch O.D. tubing. This will ensure that the tubing is fully engaged in the sealing mechanism.

FASTENERS

Visually check entire unit in regard to bolts, nuts and screws being properly secured. Spot check several capscrews and nuts for proper torque. If any are found loose, a more thorough inspection must be made. Take corrective action.

Note: For Nyloc Nuts, IF REMOVED, replace with new ones.

COMPRESSOR OIL

The lubricating and cooling oil must be replaced every 1000 hours of operation or six (6) months, whichever comes first.

RUNNING GEAR

Every month or 500 miles, tighten the wheel lug nuts to 85 - 95 lbs.-ft. Every six months the wheel bearings, grease seals and axle spindles should be inspected for damage (corrosion, etc.) or excessive wear. Replace any damaged or worn parts. Repack wheel bearings. Use a wheel bearing grease conforming to specification MIL-G-10924 and suitable for all ambient temperatures.

Grease can be replaced in a wheel bearing using a special fixture or by hand as follows.

Before installing bearing, place a light coat of grease on the bearing cups which are pressed in the hub.

Place a spoonful of grease in the palm of one hand and take the bearing in the other hand. Push a segment of the wider end of the bearing down into the outer edge of the grease pile closest to the thumb. Keep lifting and pushing the bearing down into the edge of the grease pile until grease oozes out both from the top and from between the rollers. Then rotate the bearing to repeat this operation on the next segment. Keep doing this until you have the entire bearing completely filled with grease.

NOTICE

Excessive grease in the hub or grease cap serves no purpose due to the fact that there is no way to force the grease into the bearing. The manufacturer's standard procedure is to thoroughly pack the inner and outer bearing with grease and then to apply only a very small amount of grease into the grease cap.

If bearing adjustment is required or the hub has been removed for any reason, the following procedure must be followed to ensure a correct bearing adjustment of 0.001 to .012 free play.

1. While rotating hub slowly to seat the bearings, tighten spindle nut to approximately 15 lbs.-ft. Grasp the tire at the top and bottom and rock, in and out. There should be no evidence of looseness (free play) at the bearing.

2. Loosen nut to remove preload torque. Do not rotate hub.

3. Finger tighten nut until just snug. Loosen nut until the first nut castellation lines up with cotter pin hole in spindle. Insert cotter pin.

4. Ensure a definite but minimal amount of free play by rocking the tire.

5. Bend over cotter pin legs to secure nut and clear grease cap.

6. Nut should be free to move with only restraint being the cotter pin.

WARNING

High pressure air can cause serious injury or death from hot oil and flying parts. Always relieve pressure before removing caps, plugs, covers or other parts from pressurized air system.

*** Open service valve and manual blowdown valve at end of machine.**

*** Ensure pressure is relieved, with BOTH:**

- Discharge air pressure gauge reads zero (0).

- No air discharging from service valve or manual blowdown valve.

When draining oil, use valve at bottom of separator tank.

When adding oil, remove and replace (make tight) plug on side of separator tank.

In the compressor lubricating and cooling system, separation of the oil from the compressed air takes place in the receiver-separator tank. As the compressed air enters the tank, the change in velocity and direction drop out most of the oil from the air.

Additional separation takes place in the oil separator element which is located in the top of the tank.

Any oil accumulation in this separator element is continuously drained off by means of a scavenge tube which returns the accumulated oil to the system.

The life of the oil separator element is dependent upon the operating environment (soot, dust, etc.) and should be replaced every twelve months or 2000 hours. To replace the element proceed as follows:

* Ensure the tank pressure is zero.

* Disconnect the hose from the scavenge tube.

* Remove scavenge tube from tank cover.

* Disconnect service line from cover.

* Remove cover, element and inner shell.

* Remove any gasket material left on cover or tank.

* Install new gasket, inner shell and new element.

NOTICE

Do not remove staples from the element-gasket. The staples provides continuity between the mating components.

*Place a straightedge across top of element and measure from bottom of straightedge to bottom of element (See Fig. 4.1).

*Replace scavenge tube in cover (cover is still off of tank).

*Measure from bottom of cover to end of scavenge tube (See Fig. 4.2). Measurement should be from 1/8" to 1/4" less than the element measurement. If not, cut to size, being sure to cut in an approximate 45° angle.

*Remove scavenge tube.

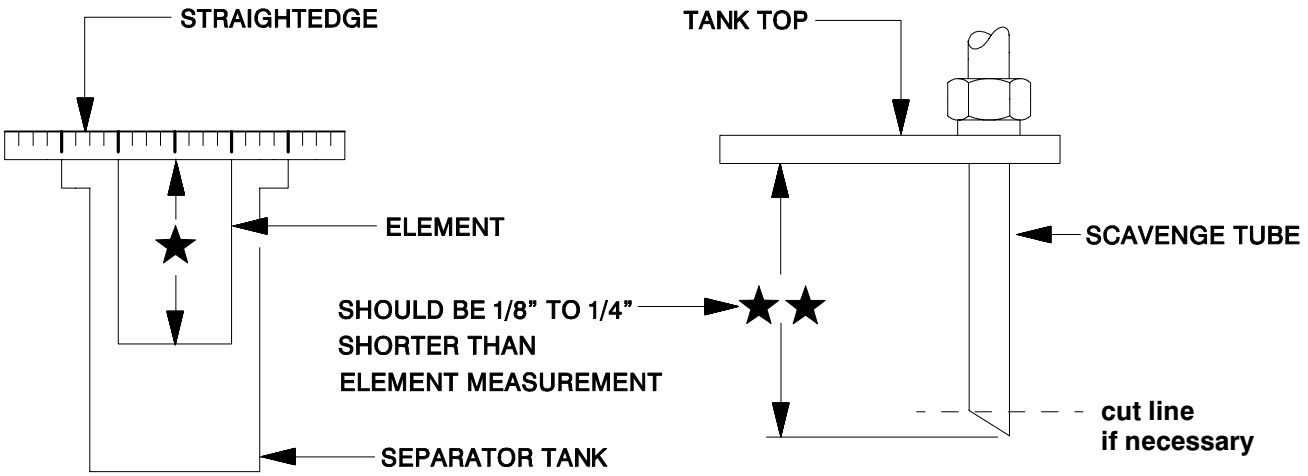
*Reposition cover (use care not to damage gaskets).

*Replace cover mounting screws: tighten in a crisscross pattern to 166 lbs.-ft.

*Reconnect service line. Replace scavenge tube. Re-connect hose.

*Close service valve. Start unit and look for leaks.

When replacing the element, the scavenge lines, orifice, filter, and check valve should be thoroughly cleaned and the oil changed.



SCAVENGE LINE

WARNING

High pressure air can cause serious injury or death from hot oil and flying parts. Always relieve pressure before removing caps, plugs, covers or other parts from pressurized air system.

The scavenge line originates at the receiver-separator tank cover and terminates at the compressor airend through an orifice.

Once a year or every 2000 hours of operation, whichever comes first, remove this line and any orifice, thoroughly clean, then reassemble.

NOTICE

Excessive oil carry-over may be caused by an oil-logged separator element. Do not replace element without first performing the following maintenance procedure:

1. Check oil level. Maintain as indicated earlier in this section.

2. Thoroughly clean scavenge line, any orifice and check valve.

3. Assure minimum pressure valve is holding 65-70 psi.

4. Run unit at rated operating pressure for 30 to 40 minutes to permit element to clear itself.

EXTERIOR FINISH CARE

This unit was painted and heat cured at the factory with a high quality, thermoset polyester powder coating. The following care will ensure the longest possible life from this finish.

1. If necessary to remove dust, pollen, etc. from housing, wash with water and soap or dish washing liquid detergent. Do not scrub with a rough cloth, pad, etc.

2. If grease removal is needed, a fast evaporating alcohol or chlorinated solvent can be used. Note: This may cause some dulling of the paint finish.

3. If the paint has faded or chalked, the use of a commercial grade, non-abrasive car wax may partially restore the color and gloss.

Field Repair of Texture Paint

1. The sheet metal should be washed and clean of foreign material and then thoroughly dried.

2. Clean and remove all grease and wax from the area to be painted using Duponts 3900S Cleaner prior to sanding.

3. Use 320 grit sanding paper to repair any scratches or defects necessary.

4. Scuff sand the entire area to be painted with a red scotch brite pad.

5. Wipe the area clean using Duponts 3900S.

6. Blow and tack the area to be painted.

7. Apply a smooth coat of Duponts 1854S Tuffcoat Primer to all bare metal areas and allow to dry.

8. Apply 2 medium - wet coats of Duponts 222S Adhesion Promoter over the entire area to be painted, with a 5 minute flash in between coats.

9. To apply the texture coat, use Duponts 1854S Tuffcoat Primer. The proper technique to do this is to spray the Tuffcoat Primer using a pressure pot and use about 2-5 pounds of air pressure. This will allow the primer to splatter causing the textured look. Note: You must be careful not to put too much primer on at one time, this will effect the amount of texture that you are trying to achieve. Allow the texture coat to flash for 20 minutes or until dry to touch.

10. Apply any of Duponts Topcoat Finishes such as Imron™ or Centari™ according to the label instructions.

Note: To re-topcoat the textured surfaces when sheet metal repairs are not necessary, follow steps 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 8 and 10.

COOLING FAN DRIVE

The heat exchanger or cooling fan is driven by a belt arrangement directly from the engine. Inspect the engine fan belt weekly or at 50 hour intervals. Refer to engine section for proper belt adjustment procedures.

BRAKE SYSTEMS (Hydraulic Only)

This compressor is equipped with mechanical parking brakes and hydraulic surge brakes. The maintenance of these brake systems is required to ensure safe operation of this compressor.

Every six months visually check the brake shoes for proper operation and deterioration. The common automotive standards and procedures would apply in replacing the brake shoes.

When replacing brake cables it is necessary to adjust the brake shoes before adjusting the parking brake system. To adjust the shoes, remove the rubber hole plug in the brake backing plate and rotate the star adjusting nut until you cannot rotate the wheel by hand. Then back off the adjustment ten to twelve (10–12) notches.

Note: Always rotate wheel in direction of forward travel only. Replace hole plug and proceed to next wheel and repeat procedure.
Adjust parking brakes after all brake shoes have been adjusted by:

1. Turning knob on brake lever until lever is perpendicular to bracket when in “OFF” position. Wheels should turn freely.

2. With lever in “OFF” position, adjust brake cables until each has approximately the same tension. Wheels should turn freely.

3. Move lever to “ON” position. Check each wheel to see that it will not rotate. If all wheels will rotate, adjust knob on lever until brakes are fully applied. If one or two wheels will still rotate, adjust the cables for those wheels and recheck.

4. After brakes are adjusted, move lever to “ON” position and apply grease to cable strands from conduit six inches toward lever. This is to prevent dirt from getting into the conduit.

NOTE: New cables will stretch and therefore should be readjusted after the first week of use.

Every six months, apply a multi–purpose grease to the fittings on the brake actuator.

Before servicing the hydraulic surge brake system, the actuator, reservoir, wheels and underside of frame should be cleaned to prevent dirt and other contaminants from entering the hydraulic system.

Whenever a brake line hose, tube or fitting is removed/replaced, the hydraulic brake system must be bled of air to ensure proper brake operation. Bleed the brakes, at each wheel cylinder, in the following order: RH rear; LH rear; RH front; LH front (front is the hitch end; instrument panel is on LH side), while maintaining brake fluid level in reservoir. Use brake fluid conforming to DOT 3 or DOT 4 specifications.

BRAKE SYSTEMS – (Non Hydraulic)

This compressor may be equipped with mechanical parking brakes or electric brakes. The maintenance of these brake systems is required to ensure safe operation of this compressor.

Parking Brakes:
Every six months visually check the brake shoes for proper operation and deterioration. The common automotive standards and procedures would apply in replacing the brake shoes.

When replacing brake cables it is necessary to adjust the brake shoes before adjusting the parking brake system. To adjust the shoes, remove the rubber hole plug in the brake backing plate and rotate the star adjusting nut until you cannot rotate the wheel by hand. Then back off the adjustment ten to twelve (10–12) notches. Note: always rotate wheel in direction of forward travel only. Replace hole plug and proceed to next wheel and repeat procedure.

Adjust parking brakes after all brake shoes have been adjusted by:

1. Turning knob on brake lever until lever is perpendicular to bracket when in “OFF” position. Wheels should turn freely.

2. With lever in “OFF” position, adjust brake cables until each has approximately the same tension. Wheels should turn freely.

3. Move lever to “ON” position. Check each wheel to see that it will not rotate. If all wheels will rotate, adjust knob on lever until brakes are fully applied. If one or two wheels will still rotate, adjust the cables for those wheels and recheck.

4. After brakes are adjusted, move lever to “ON” position and apply grease to cable strands from conduit six inches toward lever. This is to prevent dirt from getting into the conduit.

NOTE: New cables will stretch and therefore should be readjusted after the first week of use.

Every six months, apply a multi-purpose grease to the fittings on the brake actuator.

Electric Brake Adjustment:

Brakes should be adjusted (1) after the first 200 miles of operation when the brake shoes and drums have "seated", (2) at 3000 mile intervals, (3) or as use and performance requires. The brakes should be adjusted in the following manner:

1. Jack up trailer and secure on adequate capacity jack stands. Check that the wheel and drum rotate freely.

2. Remove the adjusting hole cover from the adjusting slot on the bottom of the brake backing plate.

3. With a screwdriver or standard adjusting tool, rotate the starwheel of the adjuster assembly to expand the brake shoes. Adjust the brake shoes out until the pressure of the linings against the drum makes the wheel very difficult to turn.

4. Then rotate the starwheel in the opposite direction until the wheel turns freely with a slight lining drag.

5. Replace the adjusting hole cover and lower the wheel to the ground.

6. Repeat above procedures on all brakes.

CAUTION

Any unauthorized modification or failure to maintain this equipment may make it unsafe and out of factory warranty.

If performing more than visual inspections, disconnect battery cables and open manual blowdown valve.

Use care to avoid contacting hot surfaces (engine exhaust manifold and piping, air receiver and air discharge piping, etc.).

Never operate this machine with any guards removed.

Inch and metric hardware was used in the design and assembly of this unit. Consult the parts manual for clarification of usage.

Notice: Disregard any maintenance pertaining to components not provided on your machine.

PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

	Daily	Weekly	250 hours	500 hrs /3 mos.	1000 hrs /6 mos.	2000 hrs /12 mos.
Compressor Oil Level	C					
Engine Oil Level	C					
*Radiator Coolant Level	C					
Gauges/Lamps	C					
*Air Cleaner Service Indicators	C					
Fuel Tank (Fill at end of day)	C				Drain	
*Fuel/Water Separator Drain	C					
Air Cleaner Precleaner Dumps		C				
Fan Alternator Belts		C				
Battery/Connections/Electrolyte		C				
Tire Pressure and Surface		C				
*Wheel Lug Nuts			C			
Hoses (Oil, Air, Intake, etc.)			C			
Automatic Shutdown System Test			C			
Air Cleaner System Visual			C			
Compressor Oil Cooler Exterior				Clean		
*Engine Radiator Exterior				Clean		
Engine Oil & Filter			R			
Valve Lash			C			C
Crankcase Breather			C			
Fan Bearing			L			
Governor					L	
Fasteners				C		
Air Cleaner Elements				WI		
*Fuel/Water Separator Element					R	
Compressor Oil Filter Element				R		
Compressor Oil					R	
*Wheels (Bearings, Seals, etc.)					C	
*Engine Coolant Test					C	R
Shutdown Switch Settings Test						C
Scavenger Orifice & Related Parts						Clean
Oil Separator Element						R

*Disregard if not appropriate for this particular machine.
R=Replace C=Check (adjust or replace if necessary)
L=Lubricate WI=Or when indicated

Unit _____ Date _____
Hours _____ Serviceman _____

SECTION 7 - LUBRICATION

GENERAL INFORMATION

Lubrication is an essential part of preventive maintenance, affecting to a great extent the useful life of the unit. Different lubricants are needed and some components in the unit require more frequent lubrication than others. Therefore, it is important that the instructions regarding types of lubricants and the frequency of their application be explicitly followed. Periodic lubrication of the moving parts reduces to a minimum the possibility of mechanical failures.

The Preventive Maintenance Schedule shows those items requiring regular service and the interval in which they should be performed. A regular service program should be developed to include all items and fluids. These intervals are based on average operating conditions. In the event of extremely severe (hot, cold, dusty or wet) operating conditions, more frequent lubrication than specified may be necessary. Details concerning lubrication of the running gear are in Maintenance Section.

All filters and filter elements for air and compressor lubricant must be obtained through Ingersoll-Rand to assure the proper size and filtration for the compressor.

COMPRESSOR OIL CHANGE

These units are normally furnished with an initial supply of oil sufficient to allow operation of the unit for approximately 6 months or 1000 hours, whichever comes first. If a unit has been completely drained of all oil, it must be refilled with new oil before it is placed in operation. Refer to specifications in Lubrication Table.

NOTICE

Some oil types are incompatible when mixed and result in the formation of varnishes, shellacs, or lacquers which may be insoluble. Such deposits can cause serious troubles including clogging of the filters. Where possible, do NOT mix oils of different types and avoid mixing different brands. A type or brand change is best made at the time of a complete oil drain and refill.

If the unit has been operated for the time/ hours mentioned above, it should be completely drained of oil. If the unit has been operated under adverse conditions, or after long periods in storage, an earlier change period may be necessary as oil deteriorates with time as well as by operating conditions.

WARNING

High pressure air can cause severe injury or death from hot oil and flying parts. Always relieve pressure before removing caps, plugs, covers or other parts from pressurized air system. Ensure the following conditions are met:

- Discharge air pressure gauge reads zero (0).
- No air discharging from an "open" manual blowdown valve.

An oil change is good insurance against the accumulation of dirt, sludge, or oxidized oil products.

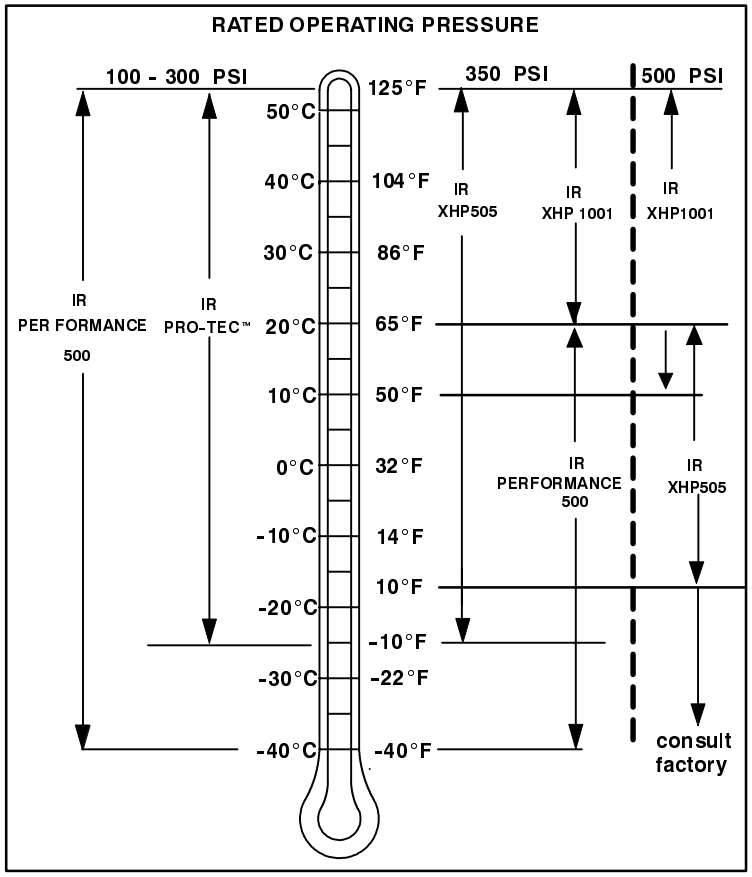
Completely drain the receiver- separator, piping, and oil cooler. If the oil is drained immediately after the unit has been run for some time, most of the sediment will be in suspension and, therefore, will drain more readily. However, the fluid will be hot and care must be taken to avoid contact with the skin or eyes.

After the unit has been completely drained of all old oil, close the drain valve. Add oil in the specified quantity at the filler plug. Tighten the filler plug and run the machine to circulate the oil. Check the oil level WHEN RUNNING AT FULL LOAD. If not near the middle of the sight tube, stop the unit and make corrections. DO NOT OVERFILL.

SECTION 7 - LUBRICATION

Portable Compressor Fluid Chart

Refer to these charts for correct compressor fluid required. Note that the selection of fluid is dependent on the design operating pressure of the machine and the ambient temperature expected to be encountered before the next oil change.



Design Operating Pressure	Ambient Temperature	Specification
100 psi to 300 psi	-10°F to 125°F (-23°C to 52°C)	IR Pro-Tec™ Mil –PRF 2104G SAE 10W
100 psi to 300 psi	-40°F to 125°F (-40°C to 52°C)	IR Performance 500 Mil-L-46167
350 psi	-10°F to 125°F (-23°C to 52°C)	IR XHP 505
	65°F to 125°F (18°C to 52°C)	IR XHP1001
	-40°F to 65°F (-40°C to 18°C)	IR Performance 500 Mil-L-46167
500 psi	50°F to 125°F (10°C to 52°C)	IR XHP1001
	10°F to 65°F (-12°C to 18°C)	IR XHP 505
	below 10°F (-12°C)	Consult Factory

SECTION 8 – Trouble Shooting

INTRODUCTION

Trouble shooting for a portable air compressor is an organized study of a particular problem or series of problems and a planned method of procedure for investigation and correction. The trouble shooting chart that follows includes some of the problems that an operator may encounter during the operation of a portable compressor.

The chart does not attempt to list all of the troubles that may occur, nor does it attempt to give all of the answers for correction of the problems. The chart does give those problems that are most apt to occur. To use the trouble shooting chart:

A. Find the "complaint" depicted as a bold heading.

B. Follow down that column to find the potential cause or causes. The causes are listed in order (1,2,3 etc.) to suggest an order to follow in trouble shooting.

ACTION PLAN

A. Think Before Acting

Study the problem thoroughly and ask yourself these questions:

(1) What were the warning signals that preceded the trouble?
(2) Has a similar trouble occurred before?
(3) What previous maintenance work has been done?
(4) If the compressor will still operate, is it safe to continue operating it to make further checks?

B. Do The Simplest Things First

Most troubles are simple and easily corrected. For example, most complaints are "low capacity" which may be caused by too low an engine speed or "compressor over– heats" which may be caused by low oil level.

Always check the easiest and most obvious things first; following this simple rule will save time and trouble.

Note: For trouble shooting electrical problems, refer to the Wiring Diagram Schematic found in Section 9 – Parts List.

C. Double Check Before Disassembly

The source of most compressor troubles can be traced not to one component alone, but to the relationship of one component with another. Too often, a compressor can be partially disassembled in search of the cause of a certain trouble and all evidence is destroyed during disassembly. Check again to be sure an easy solution to the problem has not been overlooked.

D. Find And Correct Basic Cause

After a mechanical failure has been corrected, be sure to locate and correct the cause of the trouble so the same failure will not be repeated. A complaint of "premature breakdown" may be corrected by repairing any improper wiring connections, but something caused the defective wiring. The cause may be excessive vibration.

TROUBLE SHOOTING CHART

Bold Headings depict the COMPLAINT – Subheadings depict the CAUSE

Note: Subheadings suggest order to follow in cause of troubleshooting.

Short Air Cleaner Life:

- Dirty Operating Conditions
- Inadequate Element Cleaning
- Defective Service Indicator
- Incorrect Stopping Procedure
- Wrong Air Filter Element
- Oil Pump Drive Coupling

Excessive Oil In Air:

- High Oil Level
- Out of Level > 15 degrees
- Clogged Scavenge Orifice
- Scavenge Tube Blocked
- Defective Scavenge Check Valve
- Sep. Tank Blown Down Too Quickly
- Defective Minimum Pressure Valve

Oil Seal Leak:

- Contaminated Lube Oil
- Blocked or Restricted Oil Lines
- Malfunctioning Seal
- Scored Shaft

Will Not Unload:

- Leaks in Regulator Piping
- Incorrect Pressure Regulator Adjustment
- Malfunctioning Pressure Regulator
- Malfunctioning Inlet Unloader/Butterfly Valve
- Ice in Regulation Lines/Orifice

Oil In Air Cleaner:

- Incorrect Stopping Procedure
- Oil Pump Drive Coupling
- Discharge Check Valve Faulty

Safety Valve Relieves:

- Operating Pressure Too High
- Leaks In Regulator Piping
- Incorrect Pressure Regulator Adjustment
- Malfunctioning Pressure Regulator
- Malfunctioning Inlet Unloader/Butterfly Valve
- Defective Safety Valve
- Defective Separator Element
- Ice in Regulation Lines/Orifice

Excessive Compressor Oil Temperature:

- Ambient Temp. > 125°F (52°C)
- Out of Level > 15 degrees
- Low Oil Level
- Wrong Lube Oil
- Dirty Cooler
- Dirty Operating Conditions
- Clogged Oil Filter Elements
- Loose or Broken Belts
- Operating Pressure Too High
- Recirculation Of Cooling Air
- Malfunctioning Thermostat
- Malfunctioning Tan
- Defective Oil Cooler Relief Valve
- Defective Minimum Pressure Valve
- Blocked or Restricted Oil Lines
- Airend Malfunctioning

Engine RPM Down:

- Clogged Fuel Filter
- Operating Pressure Too High
- Incorrect Pressure Regulator Adjustment
- Malfunctioning Pressure Regulator
- Incorrect Linkage Adjustment
- Dirty Air Filter
- Malfunctioning Air Cylinder
- Wrong Air Filter Element
- Defective Separator Element
- Ice In Regulation Lines/Orifice
- Engine Malfunctioning
- Airend Malfunctioning

Excessive Vibration:

- Rubber Mounts Damaged
- Malfunctioning Fan
- Drive Coupling Defective
- Engine Malfunctioning
- Airend Malfunctioning

Low CFM:

- Dirty Air Filter
- Incorrect Linkage Adjustment
- Incorrect Pressure Regulator Adjustment
- Malfunctioning Pressure Regulator
- Operating Pressure Too High
- Malfunctioning Inlet Unloader/Butterfly Valve
- Malfunctioning Air Cylinder
- Defective Minimum Pressure Valve
- Defective Separator Element
- Wrong Air Filter Element
- Ice in Regulation Lines/Orifice

Unit Shutdown:

Out of Fuel
Compressor Oil Temp. Too High
Engine Water Temp. Too High
Engine Oil Pressure Too Low
Broken Engine Fan Belt
Loose Wire Connection
Low Fuel Level Shutdown Switch
Defective Discharge Air Temp. Switch
Defective Engine Belt Break Switch
Defective Engine Oil Pressure Switch
Defective Shutdown Solenoid
Malfunctioning Relay
< 9 Volts at Shutdown Solenoid
Blown Fuse
Engine Malfunctioning
Airend Malfunctioning

Unit Fails To Shutdown:

Low Fuel Shutdown Switch
Defective Discharge Air Temperature Switch
Defective Engine Belt Break Switch
Defective Engine Oil Pressure Switch
Defective Shutdown Solenoid
Malfunctioning Relay
Defective Safety Bypass Switch

Alternator Lamp Stays On:

Loose or Broken Belts
Loose Wire Connection
Low Battery Voltage
Malfunctioning Alternator
Malfunctioning Circuit Board

Alternator Lamp Stays Off:

Bulb Burned Out
Loose Wire Connection
Malfunctioning Circuit Board

Won't Start/Run:

Low Battery Voltage
<9 Volts at Shutdown Solenoid
Blown Fuse
Malfunctioning Start Switch
Defective Safety Bypass Switch
Clogged Fuel Filters
Out of Fuel
Compressor Oil Temp. Too High
Engine Water Temp. Too High
Engine Oil Pressure Too Low
Loose Wire Connection
Defective Discharge Air Temp. Switch
Defective Engine Belt Break Switch
Defective Engine Oil Pressure Switch
Defective Shutdown Solenoid
Malfunctioning Relay
Engine Malfunctioning
Airend Malfunctioning

Engine Temperature Lamps Stays On:

Broken Engine Fan Belt
Malfunctioning Circuit Board
Defective Engine Belt Break Switch
Ambient Temp. > 125°F (52°C)
Dirty Operating Conditions
Dirty Cooler
Out of Level >15 degrees
Operating Pressure Too High
Recirculation of Cooling Air

Engine Oil Pressure Lamp Stays On:

Low Oil Level
Out of Level >15 degrees
Wrong Lube Oil
Clogged Oil Filter Elements
Engine Malfunctioning

Engine Temperature Lamps Stays Off:

Bulb Burned Out
Loose Wire Connection
Malfunctioning Circuit Board
Defective Engine Belt Break Switch

Engine Oil Pressure Lamp Stays Off:

Bulb Burned Out
Malfunctioning Circuit Board
Defective Engine Oil Pressure Switch
Malfunctioning Fan
Engine Malfunctioning

SECTION 9 - PARTS ORDERING

GENERAL

This publication, which contains an illustrated parts breakdown, has been prepared as an aid in locating those parts which may be required in the maintenance of the unit. All of the compressor parts, listed in the parts breakdown, are manufactured with the same precision as the original equipment. For the greatest protection always insist on genuine Ingersoll-Rand Company parts for your compressor.

Note: Ingersoll-Rand Company can bear no responsibility for injury or damages resulting directly from the use of non-approved repair parts.

Ingersoll-Rand Company service facilities and parts are available worldwide. There are Ingersoll-Rand Company Construction Equipment Group Sales Offices and authorized distributors located in the principal cities of the United States. In Canada our customers are serviced by the Canadian Ingersoll-Rand Company, Limited. There are also Ingersoll-Rand International autonomous companies and authorized distributors located in the principal cities throughout the free world. Special order parts may not be included in this manual. Contact the Mocksville Parts Department with the unit serial number for assistance with these special parts.

DESCRIPTION

The illustrated parts breakdown illustrates and lists the various assemblies, subassemblies and detailed parts which make up this particular machine. This covers the standard models and the more popular options that are available. A series of illustrations show each part distinctly and in location relative to the other parts in the assembly. The part number, the description of the part and the quantity of parts required are shown on each illustration or on adjacent page. The quantities specified are the number of parts used per one assembly and are not necessarily the total number of parts used in the machine. Where no quantity is specified the quantity is assumed to be one.

Each description of a part is based upon the "noun first" method, i.e., the identifying noun or item name is always the first part of the description. The noun name is generally followed by a single descriptive modifier. The descriptive modifier may be followed by words or abbreviations such as upper, lower, inner, outer, front, rear, RH, LH, etc. when they are essential.

In referring to the rear, the front or to either side of the unit, always consider the **drawbar end** of the unit as the **front.** Standing at the rear of the unit facing the drawbar (front) will determine the right and left sides.

FASTENERS

Both SAE/inch and ISO/metric hardware have been used in the design and assembly of these units. In the disassembly and reassembly of parts, extreme care must be taken to avoid damaging threads by the use of wrong fasteners. In order to clarify the proper usage and for exact replacement parts, all standard fasteners have been identified by part number, size and description. This will enable a customer to obtain fasteners locally rather than ordering from the factory. These parts are identified in tables that will be found at the rear of the parts illustrations. Any fastener that has not been identified by both part number and size is a specially engineered part that must be ordered by part number to obtain the exact replacement part.

MARKINGS AND DECALS

Note: Do not paint over safety warnings or instructional decals. If safety warning decals become illegible, immediately order replacements from the factory.

Part numbers for original individual decals and their mounting locations are shown within Section 9 - Parts List. These are available as long as a particular model is in production.

Afterwards, service sets of exterior decals and current production safety warning decals are available. Contact the Product Support Group at Mocksville for your particular needs and availability.

HOW TO USE PARTS LIST

a. Turn to Parts List Section.

b. Locate the area or system of the compressor in which the desired part is used and find illustration page number.

c. Locate the desired part on the illustration by visual identification and make note of part number and description.

HOW TO ORDER

The satisfactory ordering of parts by a purchaser is greatly dependent upon the proper use of all available information. By supplying your nearest sales office, autonomous company or authorized distributor, with complete information, you will enable them to fill your order correctly and to avoid any unnecessary delays.

In order that all avoidable errors may be eliminated, the following instructions are offered as a guide to the purchaser when ordering replacement parts:

a. Always specify the model number of the unit as shown on the general data decal attached to the unit.

b. Always specify the serial number of the unit. THIS IS IMPORTANT. The serial number of the unit will be found stamped on a plate attached to the unit. (The serial number on the unit is also permanently stamped in the metal of the frame side rail.)

c. Always specify the number of the parts list publication.

d. Always specify the quantity of parts required.

e. Always specify the part number, as well as the description of the part, or parts, exactly as it is given on the parts list illustration.

In the event parts are being returned to your nearest sales office, autonomous company or authorized distributor, for inspection or repair, it is important to include the serial number of the unit from which the parts were removed.

TERMS/CONDITIONS ON PARTS ORDERS

Acceptance: Acceptance of an offer is expressly limited to the exact terms contained herein. If purchaser's order form is used for acceptance of an offer, it is expressly understood and agreed that the terms and conditions of such order form shall not apply unless expressly agreed to by Ingersoll–Rand Company ("Company") in writing. No additional or contrary terms will be binding upon the Company unless expressly agreed to in writing.

Taxes: Any tax or other governmental charge now or hereafter levied upon the production, sale, use or shipment of material and equipment ordered or sold is not included in the Company's price and will be charged to and paid for by the Purchaser.

Delivery: Shipping dates are approximate. The Company will use best efforts to ship by the dates specified; however, the Company shall not be liable for any delay or failure in the estimated delivery or shipment of material and equipment or for any damages suffered by reason thereof.

Shipping dates shall be extended for delays due to acts of God, acts of Purchaser, acts of Government, fires, floods, strikes, riot, war, embargo, transportation shortages, delay or default on the part of the Company's vendors, or any other cause beyond the Company's reasonable control.

Should Purchaser request special shipping instruction, such as exclusive use of shipping facilities, including air freight when common carrier has been quoted and before change order to purchase order can be received by the Company, the additional charges will be honored by the Purchaser.

Warranty: The Company warrants that parts manufactured by it will be as specified and will be free from defects in materials and workmanship. The Company's liability under this warranty shall be limited to the repair or replacement of any part which was defective at the time of shipment provided Purchaser notifies the Company of any such defect promptly upon discovery, but in no event later than three (3) months from the date of shipment of such part by the Company. The only exception to the previous statement is the extended warranty as it applies to the special airend exchange program.

Repairs and replacements shall be made by the Company F.O.B. point of shipment. The Company shall not be responsible for costs of transportation, removal or installation.

Warranties applicable to material and equipment supplied by the Company but wholly manufactured by others shall be limited to the warranties extended to the Company by the manufacturer which are able to be conveyed to the Purchaser.

The company makes no other warranty or representation of any kind whatsoever, expressed or implied, except that of title, and all implied warranties, including any warranty of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose, are hereby disclaimed.

Limitation of Liability:

The remedies of the Purchaser set forth herein are exclusive, and the total liability of the Company with respect to this order whether based on contract, warranty, negligence, indemnity, strict liability or otherwise, shall not exceed the purchase price of the part upon which such liability is based.

The Company shall in no event be liable to the Purchaser, any successors in interest or any beneficiary of this order for any consequential, incidental, indirect, special or punitive damages arising out of this order or any breach thereof, or any defect in, or failure of,

or malfunction of the parts hereunder, whether based upon loss of use, lost profits or revenue, interest, lost goodwill, work stoppage, impairment of other goods, loss by reason of shutdown or non- operation, increased expenses of operation or claims of customers of Purchaser for service interruption whether or not such loss or damage is based on contract, warranty, negligence, indemnity, strict liability or otherwise.

AIREND EXCHANGE PROGRAM

Your Ingersoll-Rand Company Construction Equipment Group Sales Offices and authorized distributors as well as Ingersoll-Rand International autonomous companies and authorized distributors now have an airend exchange program to benefit portable compressor users.

On the airend exchange program the exchange price is determined by the age and condition of the airend and may be classified by one of the following categories.

Category "A": The airend must not be over two years old and must have reusable rotor housing(s) and rotor(s).

Category "B": The airend must be between two and five years old and returned with two or more reusable major castings.

Category "C": The airend must be over five years old.

Your nearest sales office, autonomous company or authorized distributor must first contact the Parts Service Department at the factory at which your portable air compressor was manufactured for an airend exchange number. The airend must be tagged with this preassigned number and returned to the factory prepaid. The airend must be intact, with no excluded parts, otherwise the exchange agreement may be cancelled. The warranty on an exchange or factory rebuilt airend is 365 days.

NOTICE

Airends being returned to the factory in connection with a WARRANTY CLAIM must be processed through the Customer Service Department. If returned without a Warranty MRR (Material Return Request) Number, no warranty claim will be considered.